

CARMARTHENSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL

EQUALITY & DIVERSITY WORKFORCE INFORMATION REPORT 1st APRIL 2016 – 31st MARCH 2017







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PMBusinessSupportUnit@carmarthenshire.gov.uk

INTRODUCTION

The Equality Act and Public Sector Equality Duty

The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) brings together and replaces previous anti-discrimination laws within a single Act. It simplifies and strengthens the law, removes inconsistencies and aims to make it easier for people to understand.

The Act includes a new public sector equality duty (the 'general duty') replacing the separate duties on race, disability and gender equality. This came into force on 5th April 2011.

The Act requires the authority to publish specific employment and workforce information and demonstrate how it is complying with the general duties to:

- Eliminate discrimination and harassment
- Advance equality of opportunity
- Foster good relations between people with different protected characteristics

The Act defines the protected characteristics as:

- Age
- Disability
- Gender Reassignment
- Pregnancy and maternity
- Race including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality
- Religion or belief including lack of belief
- Sex
- Sexual Orientation
- Marital Status

It also applies to marriage and civil partnership but only in respect of the requirement to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination.

Specific Duties in Wales

The main purpose of the specific duties in Wales is to help public bodies, such as the authority, in the performance of the general duty and to aid transparency

This report is aimed at meeting the specific duty in relation to annual reporting on Employment Information, Pay Differences and Staff Training. It relates to the reporting period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017. This report should be read in conjunction with the Strategic Equality Plan Annual Report for 2016-2017.

What the duty requires on employment information

As a listed body in Wales, the authority must collect and publish on an annual basis:

- People employed by the authority on 31st March each year by protected characteristic
- Men and women, broken down by:
 - ➢ Job
 - Grade
 - Pay
 - Contract type (including permanent and temporary contracts)
 - Working pattern (including full time, part time and other flexible working patterns)
- People who have applied for jobs with the authority over the past year
- Employees who have applied to change position within the authority, identifying how many were successful in their application
- Employees who have applied for training and how many succeeded in their applications
- Employees who have completed training
- Employees involved in grievance procedures either as a complainant or as a person against whom a complaint was made
- Employees subjected to disciplinary procedures
- Employees who have left the authority

All of this information will be presented for each of the separate protected groups. The exception to this requirement is the data on job, grade, pay, contract type and working pattern, where the requirement is to report only in relation to men and women.

In gathering the data to present this report the authority cannot require any employee or applicant to provide information in relation to their protected characteristics. This a voluntary declaration process made by an employee.

The authority recognises that the collection and presentation of the data is work in progress. For some areas the data is not readily available, and where it is, it may not currently be available for all protected characteristics. Where this is the case, it will be clearly reported along with the steps being taken to address these deficiencies.

Welsh language

Welsh language skills information on the authority's staff is published separately to this equality workforce information report and is available to view through the following link:

http://www.carmarthenshire.gov.wales/home/council-democracy/welsh-language/

Alternatively you can contact the Corporate Policy Team:

• Tel: 01267 224914 / 4008

Email: WelshLanguage@carmarthenshire.gov.uk

What the duty requires on pay differences

As a listed body in Wales, the authority must:

- When drawing up equality objectives have due regard to the need to have objectives that address
 the causes of any difference in pay between employees who are from a protected group and those
 who are not, if it appears reasonably likely that the reason for the differences is related to the fact
 that those employees share a protected characteristic
- Make appropriate arrangements to identify and collect information about differences in pay, and the causes of such differences, between employees who have a protected characteristic and those who do not. This information must be published as appropriate.

Gender pay differences

As a listed body in Wales, the authority must:

- Publish an equality objective in relation to addressing any gender pay difference identified or publish reasons why it has not done so.
- Publish an action plan in respect of gender pay setting out:
 - Any policy it has that relates to the need to address the cause of any gender pay difference
 - Any gender pay equality objective it has published (including any revisions). Where it has been identified a gender pay difference amongst its staff, but has not published an equality objective to address the causes of that pay difference, the action plan must set out the reasons for not doing so
 - A statement about the steps it has taken or intends to take to fulfil its gender pay objective and how long it expects to take

Staff Training

As a listed body in Wales, the authority must make appropriate arrangements to:

- Promote knowledge and understanding of the general duty and specific duties amongst its employees
- Use any performance assessment procedures to identify and address training needs of employees in relation to the duties

GENERAL STATISTICAL NOTES TO HELP WITH INTERPRETATION

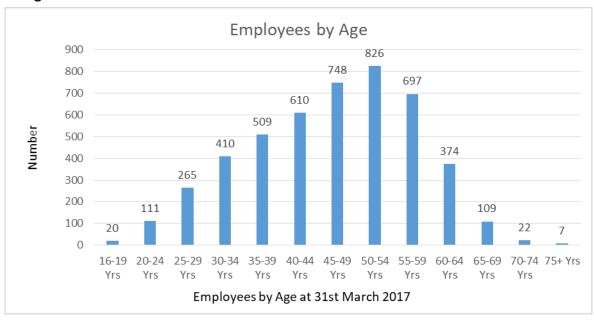
- 1. The report is based on headcount figures and not Full Time Equivalent (FTE) in relation to employees of Carmarthenshire County Council. Therefore, where an employee holds a dual or multiple post(s) the main post (based on hours in post) has been used for data reporting purposes.
- 2. Employees locally employed by schools, i.e. teachers and support staff, are excluded from this report. Individual schools are responsible for publishing an annual Workforce Information Report in line with the Specific Duties of 'The Act'.
- 3. Centrally employed teachers are employees of the authority and therefore included in the report.
- 4. Casual workers are not employees and are therefore excluded from the report.
- 5. Where available, the population data used is from the 2011 and/or 2001 Census and comparison made against the employee profile of Carmarthenshire County Council.
- 6. In a number of areas, data collection and completeness will continue to be progressed and the information developed further over the coming years.
- 7. The equality data contained within this report is used to inform workforce priorities for Carmarthenshire County Council through the Departmental Workforce Planning process and to inform and review the employment actions within the Strategic Equality Plan.
- 8. Where ethnicity categories are reported as 0% they have been omitted from the report.
- 9. Historic ethnicity categories are contained within the report, which do not 'fit' into the new ethnic categories, e.g. European. These should diminish over time as employees are offered the opportunity to update their equality profile via the Equality Monitoring audit.
- 10. The declaration of sensitive personal data by employees on protected characteristic(s) is captured through a voluntary declaration at the recruitment stage and through employee audits. Where categories are 'not stated' the applicant/employee has not answered the question. Where the category is "preferred not to say" the employee has actively responded and does not wish to disclose. Employees will be encouraged to declare at regular intervals and the proportion in each of these categories monitored over time.
- 11. In instances where the numbers reported against a category are particularly low they have been grouped together and reported against "Other" for ease of reference in the graphs. However all categories have been listed fully in the data tables. The only exception to this is where less than 5 occurrences have been reported against a category. In these instances "number too low to report" is recorded and /or data is blocked out.

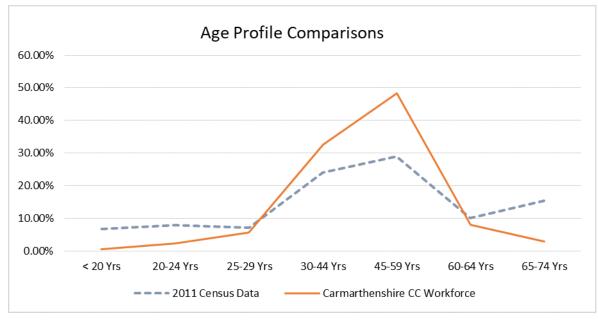
WORKFORCE INFORMATION

1. Carmarthenshire County Council employees.

Reporting Date: 31st March 2017

a. Age



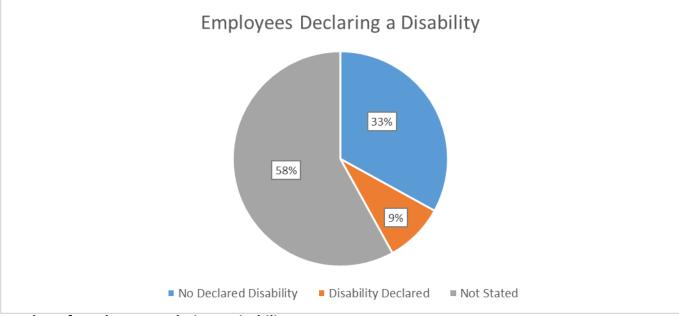


Number of Employees: Age

Age Bands	Number of Employees	Age Bands	Number of Employees	Age Bands	Number of Employees
< 20 Yrs	20	35-39 Yrs	509	55-59 Yrs	697
20-24 Yrs	111	40-44 Yrs	610	60-64 Yrs	374
25-29 Yrs	265	45-49 Yrs	748	65-69 Yrs	109
30-34 Yrs	410	50-54 Yrs	826	70 Yrs +	22
				75 Yrs +	7

The employee profile of the authority by age roughly mirrors the population trend for Carmarthenshire and the workforce trend within local government generally. As is well known, Carmarthenshire has an ageing population illustrated by the increase in population numbers from 60 years +. However, the employee data illustrates a decrease in the authority's employee profile from 60 years +, falling below the population profile for Carmarthenshire. It is worth noting that employees who are members of the Local Government Pension Scheme can access pension benefits from 60 years + and the Council's default retirement age up until 1 October 2011 was 65 years. Prior to this date employees had the 'Right to Request' to work beyond the default retirement age but no statutory right to continue. From 1 October 2011 the default retirement age was abolished through statute. It is therefore interesting to note that the proportion of employees aged 60 years + whilst still relatively low, has continued to increase year on year whilst all other age groups have decreased in number since 2011. The decrease is particularly noticeable in age ranges under 55, probably as a result of sustained lower recruitment levels since 2011(The total headcount has reduced from 5336 in 2011/12 to 4708 in 2016/17, a reduction of 11.64%).

b. Disability



Number of Employees Declaring a Disability

	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring
No Declared Disability	1,554	33.01%	78.68%
Disability Declared	421	8.94%	21.32%
Not Stated	2,733	58.05%	
Total	4,708	100.00%	100.00%

An individual is defined as disabled under the Equality Act 2010 if s/he has a physical or mental impairment that has a 'substantial' and 'long-term' negative effect on the ability to do normal daily activities.

- 'substantial' is more than minor or trivial, e.g. it takes much longer than it usually would to complete a daily task like getting dressed
- 'long-term' means 12 months or more, e.g. a breathing condition that develops as a result of a lung infection

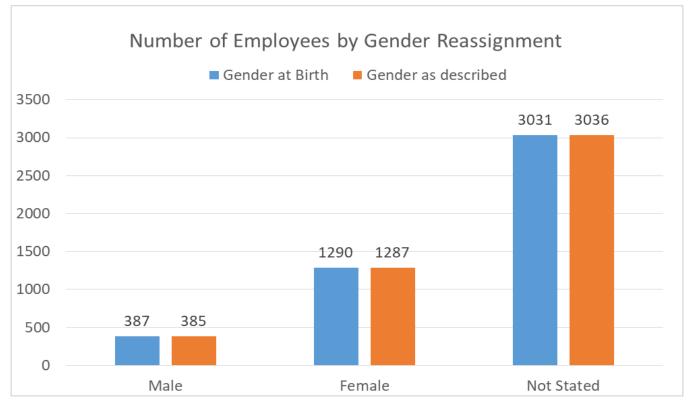
The 2011 Census did not capture data on disability against this definition but asked questions about health and the provision of unpaid care, therefore no direct comparisons can be made to the population of Carmarthenshire.

The significant point to note from the data is that for the majority of employees their disability status is unknown 2,733 (49.27%). This has decreased marginally from the previous year's (59.27%) It is anticipated this will continue to reduce over time by encouraging employees to voluntarily declare through regular employee audits

However, of the employees who have declared 1,976 (41%), 421 (13.35%) have indicated that they meet the above definition which compares to 18.12% in previous year. This is the fourth consecutive year that the figure has increased.

According to the Health & Safety Executive Workforce Facts on Disability (August 2012) there are approximately 10 million disabled people in Great Britain who are covered by the above definition, representing around 18% of the working population and that 2% of the UK working age population becomes disabled every year.

c. Gender Reassignment



Number of Employees by Gender Reassignment

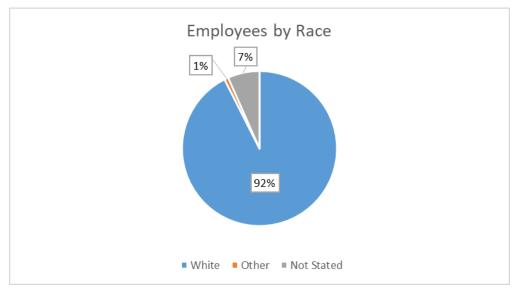
	Number of Employees		9	%		Responding
	Gender at Birth	Gender as described	Gender at Birth	Gender as described	Gender at Birth	Gender as described
Male	387	385	8.22%	8.18%	23.08%	23.03%
Female	1290	1287	27.40%	27.34%	76.92%	76.97%
Not Stated	3031	3036	64.38%	64.49%		
Total	4708	4708	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

There is a high incidence of those falling into the "Not Stated" category which is to be expected when dealing with information of a sensitive nature.

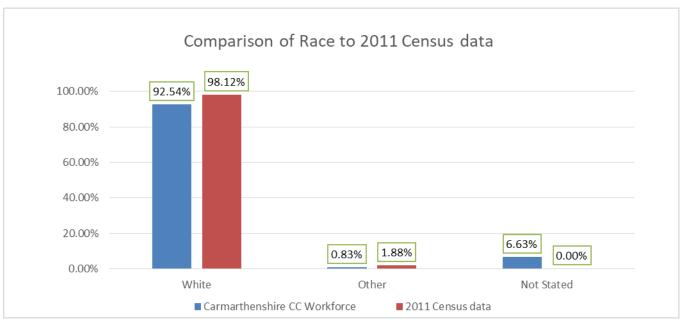
d. Pregnancy and maternity

There was 65 employee on maternity leave as at 31 March 2017. This represents 1.38% of the headcount.

e. Race – including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



Categories included under "other" in the graphs are: Asian, Black, Mixed and Other.

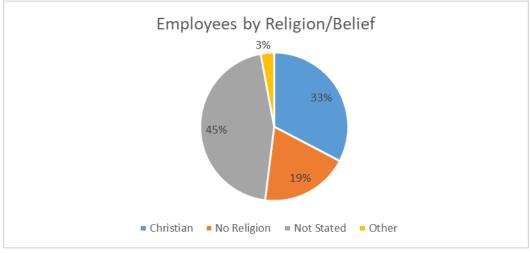


Number of Employees by Race

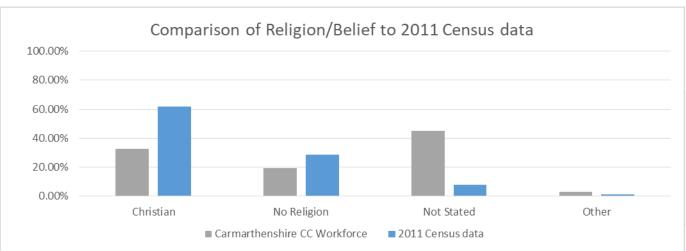
Ethnic Croup	Numb	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce						2011 Cansus
Ethnic Group	er	March 17	March 16	March 15	March 14	March 13	March 12	Census data
Asian	20	0.42%	0.42%	0.44%	0.39%	0.36%	0.39%	1.00%
Black	8	0.17%	0.17%	0.17%	0.15%	0.11%	0.15%	0.15%
Mixed	9	0.19%	0.19%	0.25%	0.27%	0.27%	0.30%	0.56%
White	4,357	92.54%	92.77%	92.79%	91.32%	90.71%	90.14%	98.12%
Other								
Not Stated	312	6.63%	6.40%	8.87%	7.79%	8.45%	8.96%	
Total	4,708	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

For this category the 2011 Census data is available to enable comparison between the employee profile of the Council and the wider population of Carmarthenshire. Year on year there has been very little change in the figures reported. Of the employees who have declared their ethnic group, the largest is White, 4,357 (92.54%) and a significant minority, 6.63% (312) have not disclosed. This compares with 98% of the population of Carmarthenshire who are White. Of the remaining ethnic groups all, apart from Black ethnicity, the employee numbers and percentages are slightly lower than the wider population of Carmarthenshire, however, as the percentage differences are less than 1% this is not statistically significant. Data on nationality is not available during this reporting period to allow us to report.

f. Religion or belief - including lack of belief



Categories included under "Other" in the graphs are: Agnostic, Atheist, Buddhist, Hindu, Humanist, Jewish, Muslim, Sikh and Other.



Number of Employees by Religion / Belief

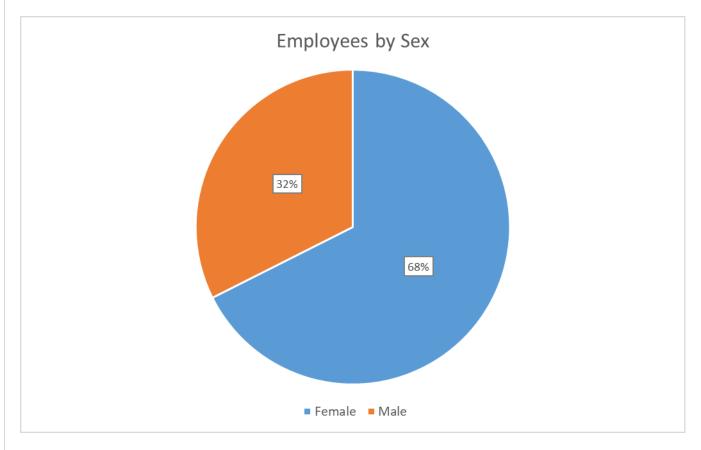
	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce							
Religion	Marc	ch 17	March 16	March 15	March 14	March 13	March 12	
	Number	%	%	%	%	%	%	
Christian	1,538	32.67%	32.52%	31.56%	25.90%	22.86%	20.46%	
Agnostic	6	0.13%	0.15%	0.15%	0.25%	0.30%	0.30%	
Atheist	19	0.40%	0.42%	0.44%	0.54%	0.70%	0.73%	
No Religion	909	19.31%	19.14%	17.63%	14.27%	11.16%	9.11%	
Preferred not say	63	1.34%	1.34%	1.18%	0.52%	0.28%	0.54%	
Not Stated	2,123	45.09%	45.39%	47.97%	57.45%	63.46%	67.30%	
Other	50	1.06%	1.04%	1.08%	1.06%	1.23%	1.56%	
Total	4,708	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

The significant point to note from the data is that for the majority of employees their religion or belief is not stated, 2,123 (45.09%). The aim is to continue to reduce this figure over time by encouraging employees to voluntarily declare through regular employee audits.

The largest category reported is 'Christian', 1,538 (32.67%), followed by the category of 'no religion', 909 (19.31%). Year on year comparison shows that this is a continuing trend.

When compared against the 2011 Census it is clear that a lower proportion of the workforce has declared their religion/ belief in all categories and as work is undertaken to improve the response rate comparisons should become more relevant.

g. Sex

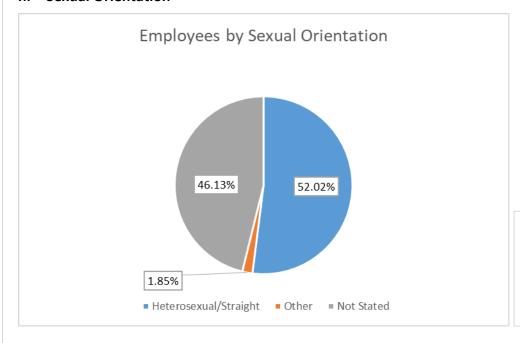


Number of Employees: Sex

	Sex	Number of Employees	%	2011 Census
Female		3,182	68%	51%
Male		1,526	32%	49%
	Total	4,708		

The headcount by sex is illustrated above, with 3,182 (68%) female and 1,526 (32%) male which is the same as the previous year and generally reflects workforce trends in local government. The 2011 Census data for Carmarthenshire shows that the ratio of male and female people living in the County was 49%:51%

h. Sexual Orientation



Categories included under "Other" in the graph are: Gay man, Gay woman/Lesbian, Bisexual and Other.

Number of Employees by Sexual Orientation

	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring
Heterosexual/Straight	2,449	52.02%	96.57%
Gay Man	8	0.17%	0.32%
Gay Woman/Lesbian	15	0.32%	0.59%
Bisexual	11	0.23%	0.43%
Other	53	1.13%	2.09%
Not Stated	2,172	46.13%	
Total	4,708	100.00%	100.00%

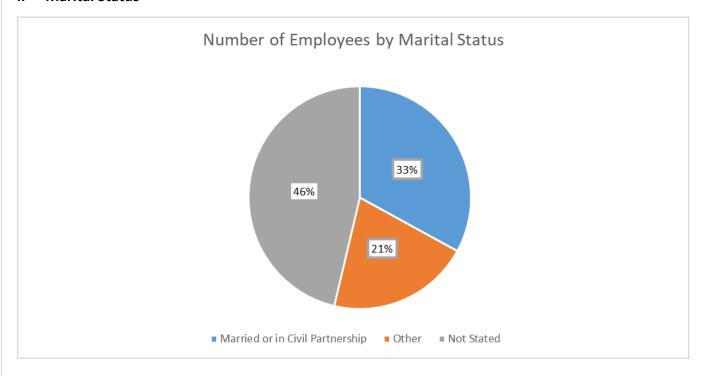
A question on sexual orientation was not included in the 2011 Census and therefore no comparable data available for the population of Carmarthenshire.

The significant point to note is the proportion of employees who have not declared their sexual orientation and is therefore unknown, 2,172 (46.13%). Although high the number of non-declarations continues to decrease. The aim is to continue this trend by encouraging employees to voluntarily declare through regular employee audits. Of those who have declared, 2,449 (96.57%), the majority, have declared their sexual orientation as heterosexual/straight.

According to Stonewall Cymru, in the final regulatory impact assessment conducted by the Government for the introduction of the Civil Partnership Act 2004 the estimated lesbian, gay and bisexual population in the UK was estimated to be between 5-7 per cent. The median point is therefore 6 per cent of the population being lesbian, gay and bisexual.

While there is much discussion about the reliability of this estimate, Stonewall have found that employers who have conducted monitoring of the workforce for some years have found a similar percentage of staff identifying as lesbian, gay or bisexual.

i. Marital Status



Number of Employees by Marital Status

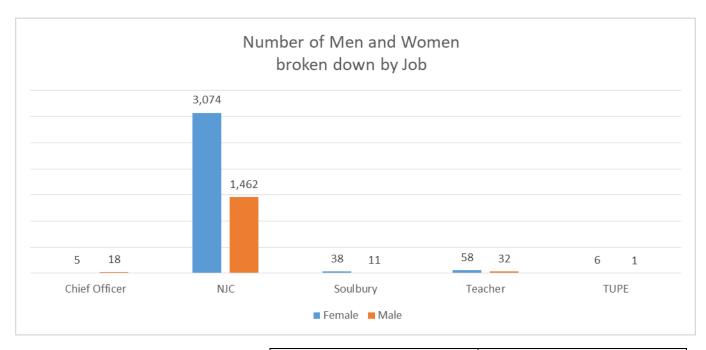
	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring
Married or in Civil Partnership	1,552	32.97%	61.39%
Other	976	20.73%	38.61%
Not Stated	2,180	46.30%	
Total	4,708	100.00%	100.00%

The significant point to note is the proportion of employees who have not declared their marital status and is therefore unknown, 2,180 (46.30%). This has increased since last year (45.75%). Of those who have declared, 1,552 (61.39%) have stated their marital status as married or in a Civil Partnership. The aim is to continue to reduce the percentage of non-declaration over time by encouraging employees to voluntarily declare through regular employee audits.

2. Men and women

As employed by Carmarthenshire County Council at 31st March 2017

Job



	Number of	Employees	% Female to Male	
Service Condition	Female	Male	Female	Male
Chief Officer	5	18	22%	78%
NJC	3,074	1,462	68%	32%
Soulbury	38	11	78%	22%
Teacher	58	32	64%	36%
TUPE	6	1	86%	14%
Youth & Community Workers				67%
Total	3,182	1,525	68%	32%

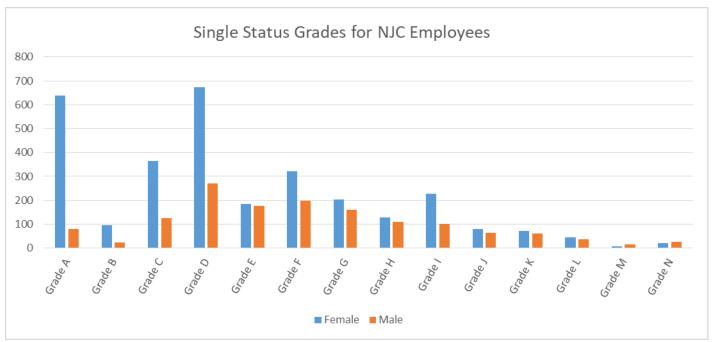
Job category is reported above by service conditions. The data reported shows that the gender split in the largest job category is the same as the overall authority gender split of 68% Female to 32% Male (DR1g) Soulbury has changed slightly (78% Female to 22% Male).

The TUPE category relates to employees who have been transferred to the authority from another employer under the protection of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations. Therefore for this very small group of employees they retain the legal right to remain on their former terms and conditions of employment.

a. Grade

In order to present the information clearly the grades have been split according to the service conditions.

Single Status Grades for NJC Employees

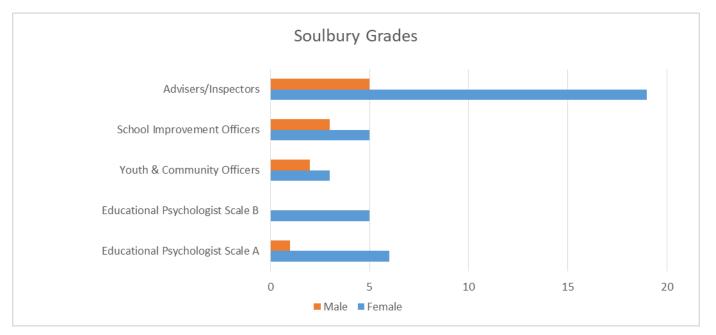


Single Status Grades	Num	nber	% Female to male		
Grade	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
Grade A	639	80	89%	11%	100%
Grade B	95	24	80%	20%	100%
Grade C	364	126	74%	26%	100%
Grade D	674	269	71%	29%	100%
Grade E	185	177	51%	49%	100%
Grade F	321	199	62%	38%	100%
Grade G	203	160	56%	44%	100%
Grade H	128	108	54%	46%	100%
Grade I	227	101	69%	31%	100%
Grade J	80	63	56%	44%	100%
Grade K	71	61	54%	46%	100%
Grade L	45	37	55%	45%	100%
Grade M	7	16	30%	70%	100%
Grade N	21	26	45%	55%	100%
Total	3060	1447	68%	32%	100%

The above table illustrates the gender ratio within each grade and can be compared against the overall female to male ratio of the authority of 68%/32% or the wider Carmarthenshire population 51%/49%.

There are many grades where the ratio is comparable, but there are others where this is not the case. It is notable that the ratios of female to male is significantly higher in grades A to D and conversely lower in grades M and N.

Soulbury Grades

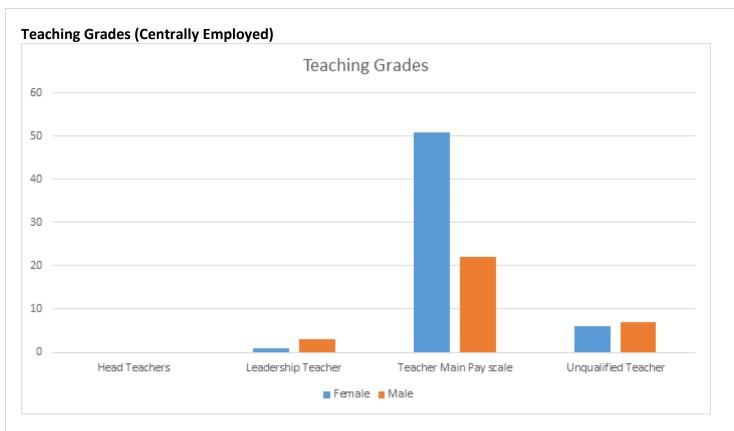


Soulbury Grades	Nun	nber	% Female to male		
Grade	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Educational Psychologist Scale A	6	1	86%	14%	
Educational Psychologist Scale B	5	0	100%	0%	
Youth & Community Officers	3	2	60%	40%	
School Improvement Officers	5	3	63%	38%	
Advisers/Inspectors	19	5	79%	21%	
Total	38	11	78%	22%	

The Soulbury Committee was established in 1948 to provide voluntary collective bargaining machinery for advisory staff in local education authorities (LEAs). It covers educational improvement professionals; educational psychologists, and young people's/community service managers.

In addition to the annual pay increase, this committee determines the national salary and grading framework. As the grading structure is set nationally the grades above were unaffected by the implementation of single status.

For this group of employees the overall female to male ratio of 78%:22% for Soulbury employees differs from to the authority's gender ratio (68%:32%). There are variances within the specific grades however the numbers of staff in particular grades are low and statistically unreliable to draw any conclusions.

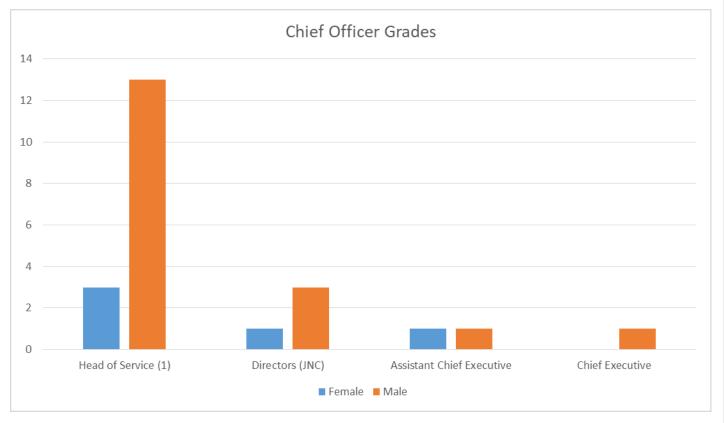


Teaching Grades	Nur	nber	% Female to male		
Grade	Female Male		Female	Male	Total
Leadership Teacher	1	3	25%	75%	100%
Teacher Main Pay scale	51	22	70%	30%	100%
Unqualified Teacher	6	7	46%	54%	100%
Total 5		32	64%	36%	100%

The Conditions of Service for School Teachers in England and Wales ('Burgundy Book') is a national agreement between the six school teacher unions and National Employers' Organisation for School Teachers (NEOST). It sets out grades and national conditions of service for school teachers in England and Wales.

The bar chart and table above relates to centrally employed teachers employed directly by the authority. For this group of employees the overall female to male ratio for centrally employed teaching staff reflects the authority's gender ratio. There are variances within the specific grades however the numbers of staff in particular grades are low and statistically unreliable to draw any reliable conclusions.

Chief Officers



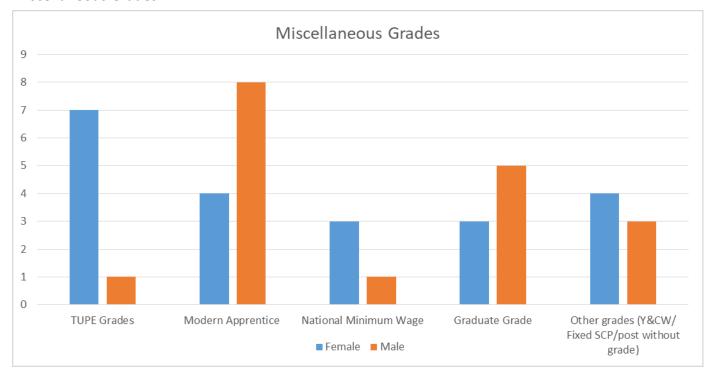
Chief Officer Grades	Nun	nber	% Female to male			
Grade	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	
Head of Service (1)	3	13	19%	81%	100%	
Directors (JNC)	1	3	25%	75%	100%	
Assistant Chief Executive	1	1	50%	50%	100%	
Chief Executive	0	1	0%	100%	100%	
Total	5	18	22%	78%	100%	

The Joint Negotiating Committee (JNC) for Chief Officers and Chief Executives in England and Wales is the body which sets the national framework for the local determination of grades and pay for this group of employees.

The bar chart and table above relates to Chief Officers and Chief Executive employed by the authority as at 31st March 2017.

The overall ratio of female to male Officers has increased from the previous year (22%:78%).

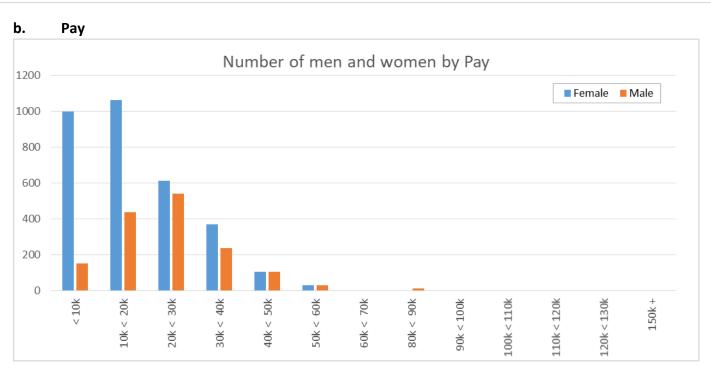
Miscellaneous Grades



Miscellaneous Grades	Num	nber	% Female to male		
Grade	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
TUPE Grades	7	1	88%	13%	100%
Modern Apprentice	4	8	31%	69%	100%
National Minimum Wage	3	1	75%	25%	100%
Graduate Grade	3	5	38%	63%	100%
Other grades (Y&CW/ Fixed SCP/post without grade)	4	3	50%	50%	100%
Total	21	19	51%	49%	100%

Miscellaneous grades include the following:

- The TUPE category relates to employees who have been transferred to the authority from another
 employer under the protection of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment)
 Regulations. TUPE employees generally retain the legal right to remain on their former grade unless
 there is an Economic, Technical or Organisational reason (ETO) to justify the change The figure
 reported does fluctuate year on year as a reflection of the number of TUPE transfers into the
 Authority.
- Modern Apprentices are employed on agreed apprentices rates aligned to the National Minimum
 Wage
- National Minimum Wage category relates to employees on government employment programmes or schemes, e.g. Workways, Coastal.
- Graduate Grade
- Other grades: fixed SCP/post without grades. The number of people in such grades has decreased since previous year. Youth & Community Worker grades are also included as very few of these grades remain in the Authority.



Dov. Don do	Num	nber of Emplo	yees	% female to male			
Pay Bands	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	
< 10k	998	153	1,151	86.71%	13.29%	100.00%	
10k < 20k	1,061	438	1,499	70.78%	29.22%	100.00%	
20k < 30k	613	542	1,155	53.07%	46.93%	100.00%	
30k < 40k	369	238	607	60.79%	39.21%	100.00%	
40k < 50k	106	104	210	50.48%	49.52%	100.00%	
50k < 60k	29	30	59	49.15%	50.85%	100.00%	
60k < 70k	1	3	4	25.00%	75.00%	100.00%	
80k < 90k	3	13	16	18.75%	81.25%	100.00%	
90k < 100k	1	0	1	100.00%	0.00%	100.00%	
100k < 110k	0	1	1	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
110k < 120k	1	1	2	50.00%	50.00%	100.00%	
120k < 130k	0	2	2	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
150k +	0	1	1	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Total	3,182	1,526	4,708	67.59%	32.41%	100.00%	

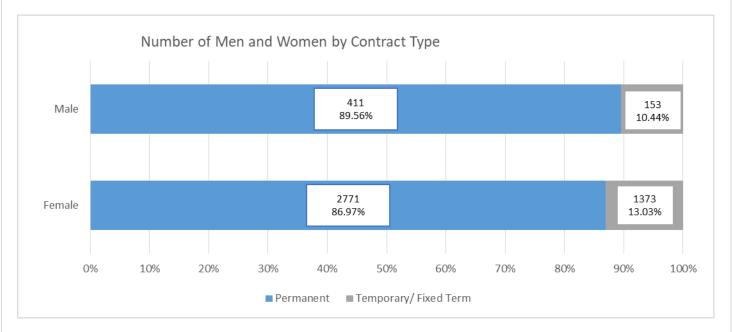
For the purposes of this report 'pay' for male and female employees has been based on the WLGA benchmark, which is basic pay only, as at 31st March 2017.

Basic pay is the main pay element but does not reflect total pay as employees may be paid additional allowances or enhancements depending on their working patterns, e.g. weekend enhancements.

With the exception of staff on Soulbury and employed Teachers all other employees have now moved to post single status grades and/or terms and conditions.

It can be seen that there are significant variances in the gender ratio of different pay bands. These are particularly noticeable at the two extremes of the banding structure. The high proportion of Female to Male in the lowest category is attributed to the higher proportion of part time female employees as shown in the working pattern data (Section 2e).

c. Contract Type



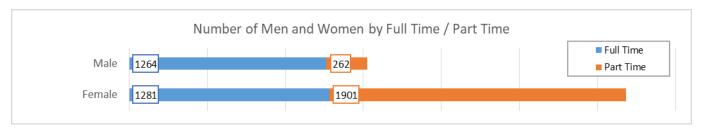
Contract Type	Nui	mber of Employ	oyees % Female to Male		
	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Permanent	2771	1373	4144	86.97%	89.56%
Temporary/ Fixed Term	411	153	564	13.03%	10.44%
Total	3182	1526	4708	100.00%	100.00%

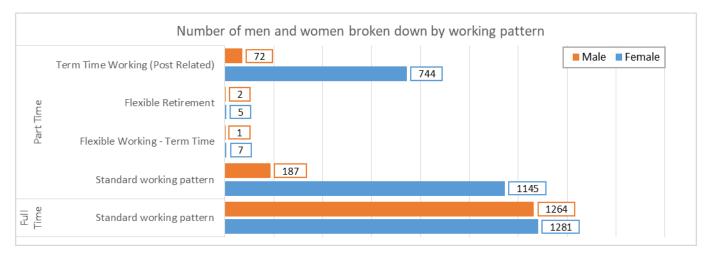
Contract type has been categorised as follows for the purposes of this report:

- Permanent These are employees who are employed on the basis that there is core funding in the budget for the post and therefore have an indefinite contract of employment with the authority.
- Temporary/Fixed Term These are employees that are employed either to cover a post or the substantive employee on a temporary basis, e.g. vacancy, sickness absence, maternity leave etc. or with a fixed start and fixed end date stipulated in the contract at commencement.

The data illustrates that the proportion of permanent to temporary employees is very similar for both genders.

d. Working Pattern





Working D	Working Pattern		Number		% Female to Male		
WOIKING P	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	
Full Time	Standard working pattern	1281	1264	2545	50.33%	49.67%	100.00%
	Total Full Time			2545	50.33%	49.67%	100.00%
Part Time	Standard working pattern	1765	238	2003	88.12%	11.88%	100.00%
	Flexible Working - Term Time	7	1	8	87.50%	12.50%	100.00%
	Flexible Retirement	5	2	7	71.43%	28.57%	100.00%
	124	21	145	85.52%	14.48%	100.00%	
	Total Part Time	1901	262	2163	87.89%	12.11%	100.00%

Number of Men and Women by Full Time / Part Time

	Female	Male	Total	% Full to Part Time
Full Time	1281	1264	2545	54.06%
Part Time	1901	262	2163	45.94%
Total	3182	1526	4708	100.00%

Working pattern has been categorised as follows:

- Full time is 37 hours per week
- Part Time is <37 hours per week

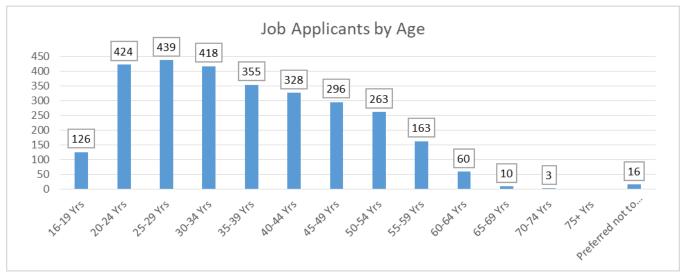
This is sub divided as follows:

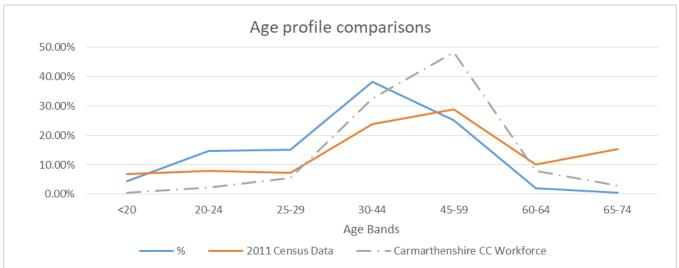
- Standard working pattern is typically Monday to Friday (or pro rata part time)
- Flexible Working (Term Time only) is as a result of a request from the employee to work term time only which has been approved
- Joint Partnership working is where an employee has been jointly employed with another organisation e.g. Health Board
- Term Time Working (Post Related) is because there is a requirement for the post to work term time only, e.g. school catering service.

3. People who have applied for jobs

Reporting period: 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017

a. Age



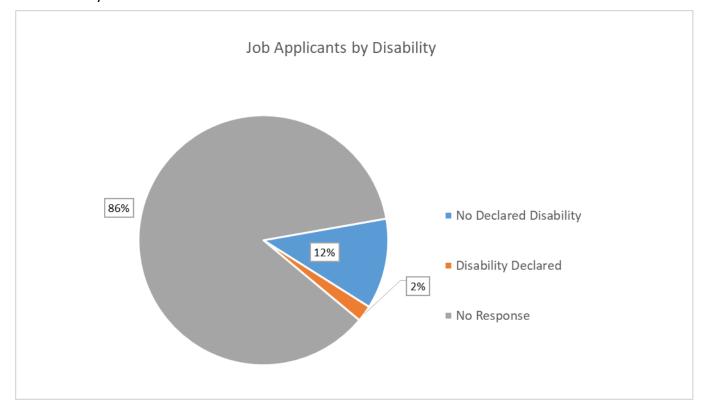


Age of Job Applicants

Age Bands	Number	Age Bands	Number	Age Bands	Number
<20	126	35-39	355	55-59	163
20-24	424	40-44	328	60-64	60
25-29	439	45-49	296	65-69	10
30-34	418	50-54	263	70+	3
			Pref	erred not to say	16

The data illustrates the number of job applicants by age during the reporting period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017. The overall trend is generally reflective of the age profile of the authority's workforce and the wider population of Carmarthenshire. However, it does show a higher number of younger applicants than older applicants and this is what you would expect in the labour market but which is potentially exaggerated by the current economic climate and competition for vacancies for applicants starting their career.

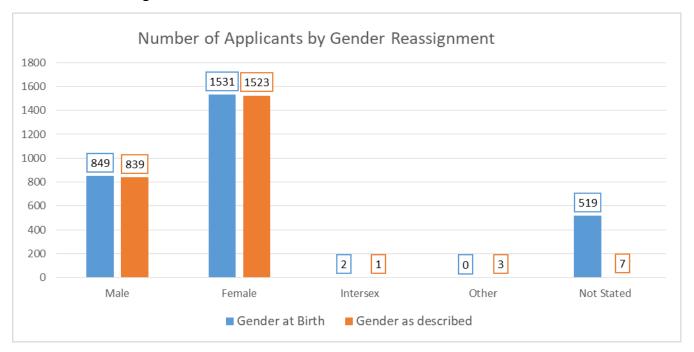
b. Disability



Number of Applicants Declaring a Disability								
	Number % % of those declaring							
No Declared Disability	340	11.72%	98.21%					
Disability Declared	61	2.10%	1.79%					
Not Stated 2500 86.18%								
Total	2901	100.00%	100.00%					

This shows the number of applicants declaring a disability at the application stage is lower than the authority profile (8.94% Section 1b) but figures on the authority profile could be skewed by the low declaration rate. The percentage of applicants declaring a disability (2.10%) has increased since last year (1.79%) but is much lower than the HSE Workforce Facts on Disability that estimates that 18% of the working population is disabled suggesting that either the authority needs to do more to attract disabled applications and/or to encourage applicants to declare a disability at the application stage.

c. Gender Reassignment



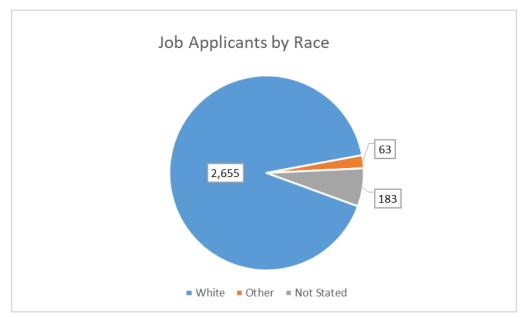
Number of Applicants by Gender Reassignment								
	Number of	Applicants		%	% of those	% of those Responding		
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as		
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described		
Male	849	839	29.27%	35.36%	35.64%	35.46%		
Female	1531	1523	52.77%	64.18%	64.27%	64.37%		
Intersex	2	1	0.07%	0.04%				
Other	0	3	0.00%	0.13%				
Not Stated	519	7	17.89%	0.29%				
Total	2901	2901	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		

Please note that the proportion of male to female reported (29%: 53%) differs from that reported against "Job Applicants by Sex" (3g) (32%:68%). This can be explained by the higher incidence of those falling into the "Not Stated" category which is to be expected when dealing with information of a sensitive nature.

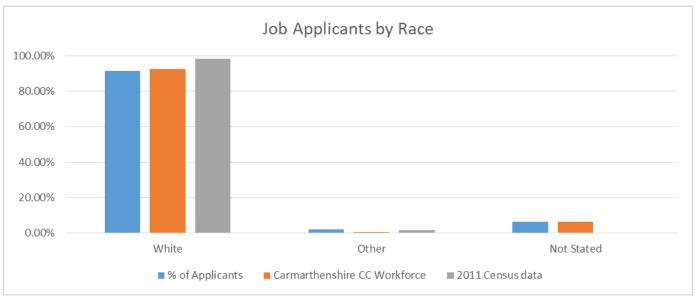
d. Pregnancy and Maternity

The Authority has identified 102 applicants that have received maternity payments during the reporting period.

e. Race-including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



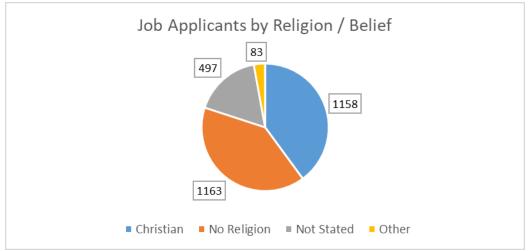
Categories included under "other" in the graphs are: Asian, Black, Mixed, Prefer not to say and Other.



Ethnic Group	Number of Applicants	% of Applicants		Carmarthenshire CC Workforce					
	Marc	ch 17	March 17	March 16	March 15	March 14	March 13	March 12	
Asian	20	0.69%	0.42%	0.42%	0.44%	0.39%	0.36%	0.69%	1.00%
Black	18	0.62%	0.17%	0.17%	0.17%	0.15%	0.11%	0.48%	0.15%
Mixed	15	0.52%	0.19%	0.19%	0.25%	0.27%	0.27%	0.41%	0.56%
White	2655	91.52%	92.54%	92.77%	92.79%	91.32%	90.71%	95.22%	98.12%
Other	10	0.34%	0.04%	0.04%	0.08%	0.08%	0.09%	0.33%	0.00%
Not Stated	183	6.31%	6.63% 6.41% 6.28% 7.79% 8.45% 2.87%						0.00%
Total	2,901	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

In line with the authority and census profiles the ethnic profile shows that the majority of applicants to the authority are White (91.5%) which is slightly lower than the Authority population (92.5%) but lower than the census data which shows that 98% of the Carmarthenshire population is White. With regard to the remaining ethnic groups the percentage applicants received from these groups is slightly different to the census data. However none of the differences are statistically significant. Year on Year there is very little difference in the data reported.

f. Religion or belief – including lack of belief

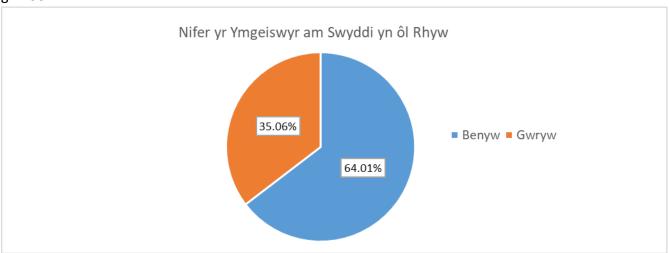


Categories included under "Other" in the graphs are: Agnostic, Atheist, Buddhist, Hindu, Humanist, Jewish, Muslim, Sikh and Other.

Job Applicants by Religion / Belief								
Religion	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce					
Christian	1158	39.92%	32.67%					
Buddhist	7	0.24%	0.08%					
Muslim	16	0.55%	0.02%					
No Religion	1163	40.09%	19.31%					
Not Stated	427	14.72%	45.09%					
Other	60	2.07%	1.49%					
Prefer Not to Say	70	2.41%	1.34%					
Total	2901	100.00%	100.00%					

Other includes categories where the number to report is less than 5.

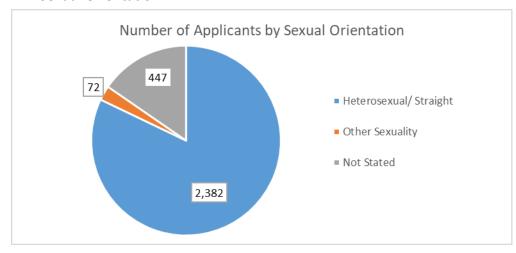
g. Sex



Nifer yr Ymgeiswyr am Swyddi yn ôl Rhyw						
Rhyw	Nifer yr Ymgeiswyr	%	Gweithlu Cyngor Sir Caerfyrddin	Cyfrifiad 2011		
Benyw	1,857	64.01%	68%	51%		
Gwryw	1,017	35.06%	32%	49%		
Heb ddatgelu	27	0.93%				
Cyfanswm	2,901	100%				

The proportion of female to male applicants is 64%:35% which is similar to the workforce ratio but higher than the population data available from the 2011 census (51%:49%).

h. Sexual Orientation



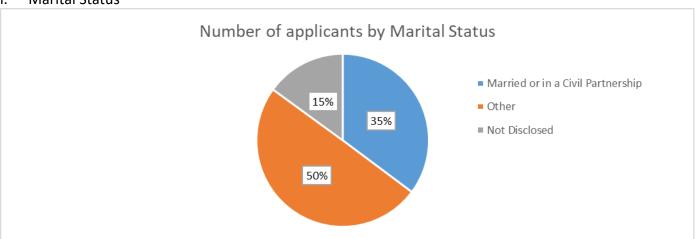
Categories included under "Other" in the graph are: Gay man, Bisexual, Gay woman/Lesbian and Other.

Number of Applicants by Sexual Orientation

Training of Applicants by Jewala Grientation			
	Number	%	% of those declaring
Heterosexual/ Straight	2,382	89.79%	97.83%
Gay Man	23	0.46%	0.50%
Bisexual	24	0.71%	0.77%
Gay Woman/ Lesbian	20	0.58%	0.63%
Other Sexuality	5	0.25%	0.27%
Not Stated	447	8.22%	
Total	2,901	100.00%	100.00%

The proportion of applicants that have not disclosed their sexual orientation (8.22%) is much higher than for the other categories in this section and has increased since last year. This is possibly a reflection of the sensitivity in relation to this area. Of those that have declared the majority (90%) define themselves as Heterosexual/Straight which is very close to the figure for the authority (98.5% Section 1h).

i. Marital Status



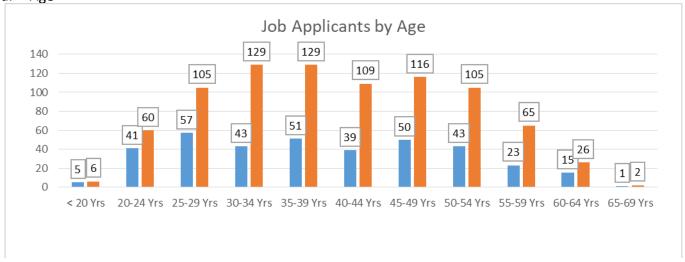
Number of applicants by Marital Status

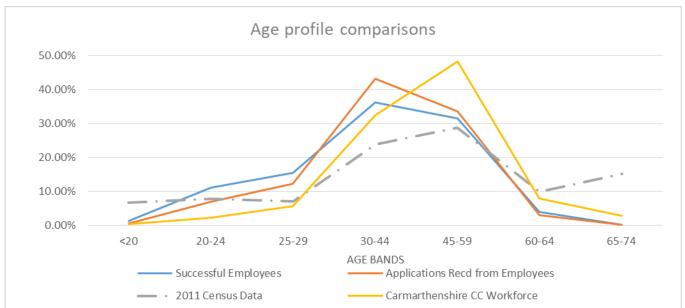
	Number	%	% of those declaring
Married or in a Civil Partnership	1,021	35.19%	41.40%
Other	1,445	49.81%	58.60%
Not Disclosed	435	14.99%	
Total	2,901	100.00%	100.00%

4. Employees who have applied to change position

Reporting period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017, Employees who have applied to change position identifying how many were successful in their application and how many were not



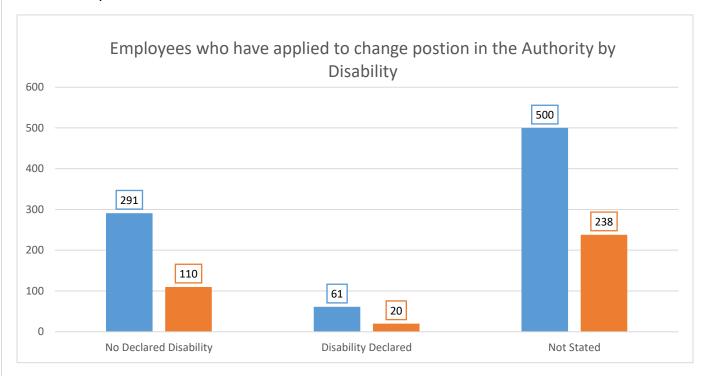




Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Age

	Num	nber	9	6
Age Bands	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees
< 20 Yrs	5	6	1.36%	0.70%
20-24 Yrs	41	60	11.14%	7.04%
25-29 Yrs	57	105	15.49%	12.32%
30-34 Yrs	43	129	11.68%	15.14%
35-39 Yrs	51	129	13.86%	15.14%
40-44 Yrs	39	109	10.60%	12.79%
45-49 Yrs	50	116	13.59%	13.62%
50-54 Yrs	43	105	11.68%	12.32%
55-59 Yrs	23	65	6.25%	7.63%
60-64 Yrs	15	26	4.08%	3.05%
65-69 Yrs	1	2	0.27%	0.23%
Total	368	852	100.00%	100.00%

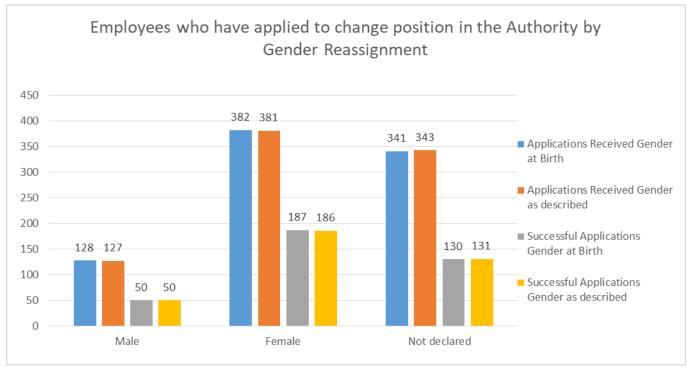
b. Disability



	Successful	Applications Recd	Successful	Applications Recd
	Employees	from Employees	Employees	from Employees
No Declared Disability	291	110	34.15%	29.89%
Disability Declared	61	20	7.16%	5.43%
Not Stated	500	238	58.69%	64.67%
Total	852	368	100.00%	100.00%

The percentage of applicants from employees declaring a disability is very low. The workforce audit aims to encourage more employees to declare a disability.

c. Gender Reassignment



Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Gender Reassignment - Applications Received

	Number of	Number of Employees		%		Responding
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described
Male	128	127	15.02%	14.91%	25.05%	24.95%
Female	382	381	44.84%	44.72%	74.76%	74.85%
Other						
Not Stated	341	343	40.02%	40.26%		
Tota	852	852	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Gender Reassignment - Successful Employees

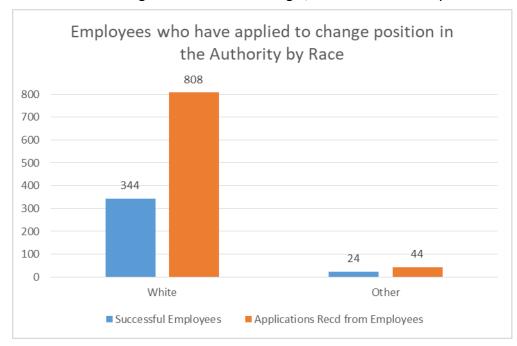
	Number of Employees		%		% of those Responding	
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described
Male	50	50	13.59%	13.59%	21.01%	21.10%
Female	187	186	50.82%	50.54%	78.57%	78.48%
Other						
Not Stated	130	131	35.33%	35.60%	0	0
Total	368	368	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Data has been blanked where numbers too low to record occurs (less than 5 instances).

d. Pregnancy and maternity

The Authority has identified 10 applicants that have received maternity payments during the reporting period, 5 of which were successful employees.

e. Race – including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



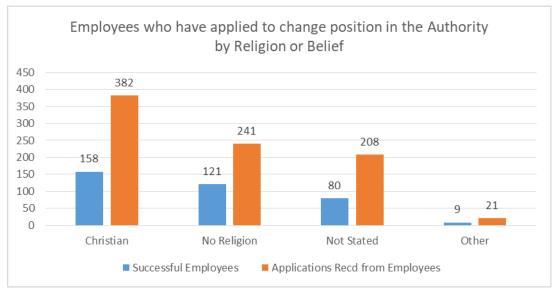
Categories included under "other" in the graphs are: Asian, Black, Mixed, Not Stated and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Race

	Nun	nber	9	6
Ethnic Origin	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees
White	344	808	93.48%	94.84%
Other	24	44	6.52%	5.16%
Total	368	852	100.00%	100.00%

It is notable that of the employees who have applied to change position within the authority that almost all the successful applicants are of White ethnic origin. This may due to the low number of applicants received from Asian, Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) groups: 5.16% by comparison to the number of applications received from employees of White ethnic origin, 808 (94.84%). Year on Year there is very little difference in the data reported.

f. Religion or belief – including lack of belief

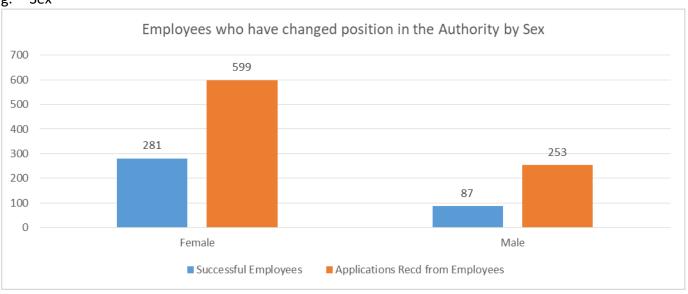


Categories included under "Other" in the graphs are:
Agnostic, Atheist,
Buddhist,
Humanist, Jewish,
Prefer not to say and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Religion or Belief

	Nun	nber	%		
Religion/ Belief	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	
Christian	158	382	42.93%	44.84%	
No Religion	121	241	32.88%	28.29%	
Not Stated	80	208	21.74%	24.41%	
Other	9	21	2.45%	2.46%	
Total	368	852	100.00%	100.00%	

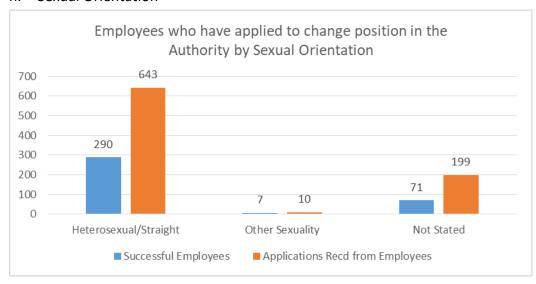
g. Sex



Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Sex

	Number		nber %			
	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from	Carmarthenshire profile	2011 Census data
	Employees	Employees	Employees	Employees		
Female	281	599	76.36%	70.31%	68%	51%
Male	87	253	23.64%	29.69%	32%	49%
Total	368	852	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

h. Sexual Orientation

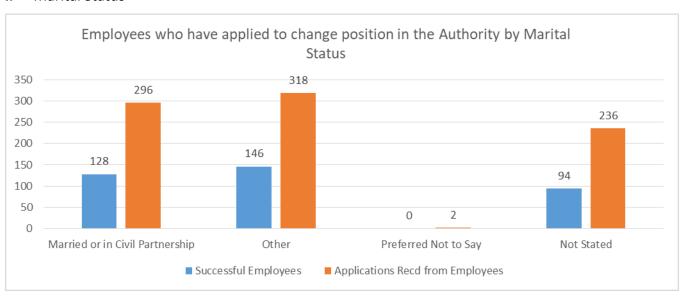


Categories included under "Other" in the graph are: Gay man, Bisexual, Gay woman/Lesbian, Prefer not to Say and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Sexual Orientation

	Number		%		% of those Responding	
Sexual Orientation	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees
Heterosexual/Straight	290	643	78.80%	75.47%	97.64%	98.47%
Other Sexuality	7	10	1.90%	1.17%	2.36%	1.53%
Not Stated	71	199	19.29%	23.36%		
Total	368	852	100.00%	100.00%		

i. Marital Status



Employees who have applied to change position in the Authority by Marital Status

	Number		%		% of those Responding	
Marital Status	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees	Successful Employees	Applications Recd from Employees
Married or in Civil Partnership	128	296	34.78%	34.74%	46.72%	48.05%
Other	146	318	39.67%	37.32%	53.28%	51.62%
Preferred Not to Say						
Not Stated	94	236	25.54%	27.70%		
Total	368	852	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

5. Employees who have applied for training

Reporting Period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017, Employees who have applied for training and how many were successful in their application

6. Employees who have completed training

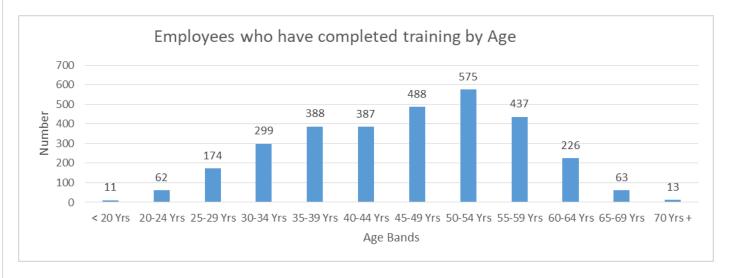
Reporting period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017

The data illustrated for requirements 5 & 6 below relates to formal applications received by the authority's Corporate Learning and Development (L&D) Team. The application process requires the employee to seek authorisation from his/her line manager prior to the formal application being submitted to the Corporate L&D Team so the application form is in essence used to book a place and confirm attendance. Therefore, of those that formally submit an application to the Corporate L&D Team there is 100% approval and completion.

To develop the data on this requirement for the next reporting period, the Corporate L&D Team are discussing options with Departments for the capture of equality monitoring data at the approval stage of the process with the line manager prior to submission of the application form to the Corporate L&D Team. This may link to the Helping People to Perform (HPP) appraisal process or other mechanisms within Departments established for the approval of training.

This may be resolved by enabling the self-service function on ResourceLink (HR Database) through which the manager can approve or reject an application for training. Implementation is expected during 2017/2018

a. Age

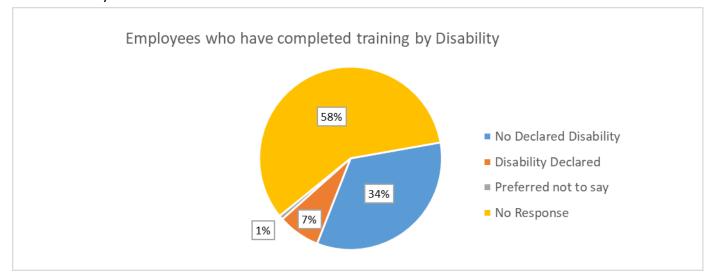


Employees who have completed Training: Age

Age Band	Number	%	Age Band	Number	%	Age Band	Number	%
< 20 yrs	11	0.35%	35-39 yrs	388	12.42%	55-59 yrs	437	13.99%
20-24 yrs	62	1.99%	40-44 yrs	387	12.39%	60-64 yrs	226	7.24%
25-29 yrs	174	5.57%	45-49 yrs	488	15.63%	65-69 yrs	63	2.02%
30-34 yrs	299	9.57%	50-54 yrs	575	18.41%	70 yrs +	13	0.42%

The profile breakdown reflects the age demographic of Carmarthenshire employees. The percentages at each age group have varied slightly, however the profile has not changed significantly. In the context of the whole organisation the changes are minimal

b. Disability

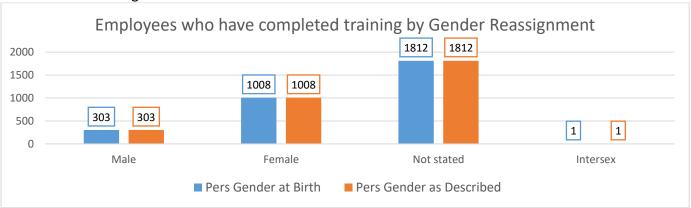


Employees who have completed Training: Disability

	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring			
No Declared Disability	1054	50.94%	80.46%			
Disability Declared	233	11.26%	17.79%			
Prefer not to say	23	1.11%	1.76%			
No Response	1813	87.63%				
Total	3,123	100.00%	100.00%			

Data this year is very similar to the previous year with over half not responding and around a third stating they have no disability. Of those declaring, the proportion who consider themselves to be disabled has increased to 17.79% from 15.42% last year.

c. Gender Reassignment



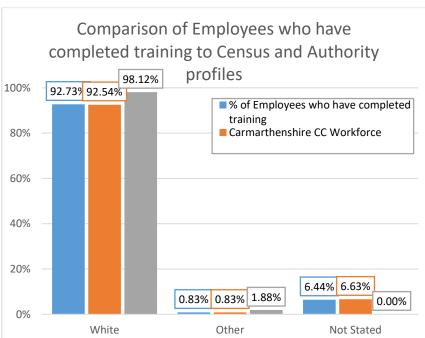
Employees who have completed training by Gender Reassignment							
	Number of	Employees	9	6	% of those I	% of those Responding	
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described	
Male	303	303	9.07%	9.07%	23.04%	23.04%	
Female	1008	1008	32.28%	32.28%	76.65%	76.65%	
Intersex	1	1	0.03%	0.03%	0.08%	0.08%	
Other	3	3	0.10%	0.10%	0.23%	0.23%	
Not Stated	1808	1808	57.89%	57.89%			
Total	3,123	3,123	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

d. Pregnancy and Maternity

Our records indicate that 25 employees (0.8% of total Attendees) have either been pregnant and/or taken maternity leave during the reporting period.

e. Race-including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality





Categories included under "other" in the graphs are: Asian, Black, Mixed and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each individual category.

Employees who have completed Training: Race

Ethnic Group	Number of Employees	% Employees completed training	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census data
White	2896	92.73%	92.54%	98.12%
Other	26	0.83%	0.83%	1.88%
Not Stated	201	6.44%	6.63%	
Total	3,123	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

The data presented is year-on-year: 92.73% of respondents described themselves as White, while 6.44% decided not to disclose their ethnicity. A number of other ethnic groups are represented, although their numbers are smaller..

f. Religion or belief – including lack of belief



Categories included under "Other" in the graphs are: Buddhist, Jewish, Preferred not to say, and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have completed training by Religion or Belief					
Religion / Belief Number % Carmarthensh Workforc					
Christian	1087	34.81%	32.67%		
No Religion	682	21.84%	19.31%		
Religion Not Stated	1226	39.26%	46.43%		
Other Religion	128	4.10%	1.59%		
Total	3123	100.00%	100.00%		

Following the trends over previous years, the majority of respondents chose not to state their religion or belief. This year 39.26% chose not to state their religion or belief in comparison to 45%, demonstrating a virtual constant over 2 years. Also, a similar number of employees describe themselves as Christian, from 32.7% in 2015/16 to 34.8% in 2016/17. Again, small numbers are reported in religions such as Buddhist, Jewish and Muslim and 21.84% describe themselves has having no religion, similar to 19.33% in 2015/16

g. Sex



Employees who have completed Training by Sex

	•	<u> </u>		
Sex	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census
Female	2081	67%	68%	51%
Male	1042	33%	32%	49%
Total	3123	100%	100%	100%

2081 (67%) of those who attended and completing training were female, with 1,042 (33%) being male. This is reflective of the ratio of the employee profile of the authority.

h. Sexual Orientation



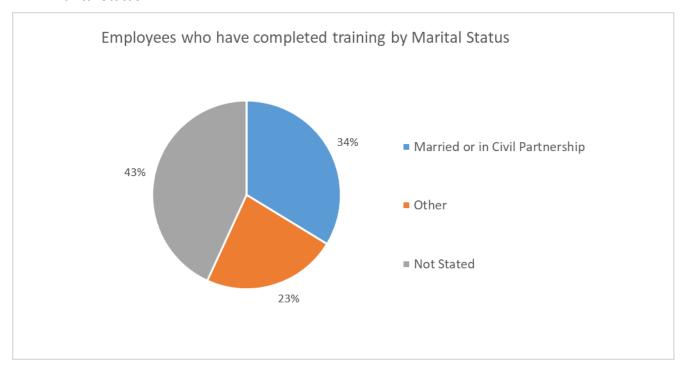
Categories included under "Other" in the graph are: Gay man, Bisexual, Gay woman/Lesbian and Prefer not to say. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have completed training by Sexual Orientation

	,		
	Number	%	% of those declaring
Heterosexual/ Straight	1793	57.41%	96.55%
Other Sexuality	64	2.05%	3.45%
Not Stated	1266	40.54%	
Total	3,123	100.00%	100.00%

Year on year there has been a decrease in the data reported: 1,266 (40.54%) of respondents who did not state their sexual orientation. 1,793 (57%) described themselves as heterosexual/straight with less than 4% who described themselves as bisexual, gay man or gay woman /lesbian.

i. Marital Status



Employees who have completed Training by Marital Status

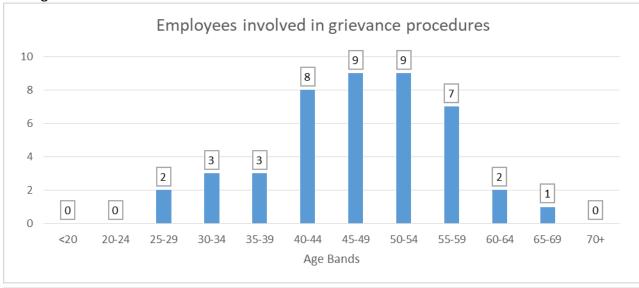
	Number of	%	% of those
<u></u>	Employees	70	declaring
Married or in Civil Partnership	1053	78.12%	59.32%
Other	722	23.12%	40.68%
Not Stated	1,348	43.16%	
Total	3,123	100.00%	100.00%

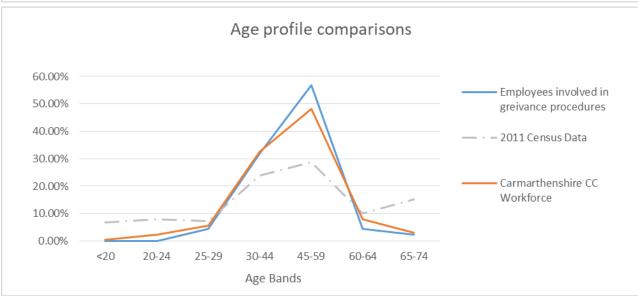
Year on year there is very little change in the data reported: For this category, the majority of participants have chosen not to disclose their marital status (1,348, 43%). 1,053,(78% or 40.68% of those declaring) describe their status as married or in a Civil Partnership.

7. Employees involved in grievance procedures

Reporting period: 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017. Employees involved in grievance procedures either as a complainant or as a person against whom a complaint has been made.

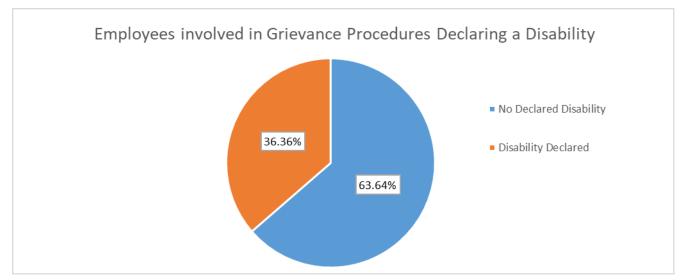






Age Bands	Number	%	Age Bands	Number	%
<20	0	0.00%	45-49	9	20.45%
20-24	0	0.00%	50-54	9	20.45%
25-29	2	4.55%	55-59	7	15.91%
30-34	3	6.82%	60-64	2	4.55%
35-39	3	6.82%	65-69	1	2.27%
40-44	8	18.18%	70+	0	0.00%
				44	100.00%

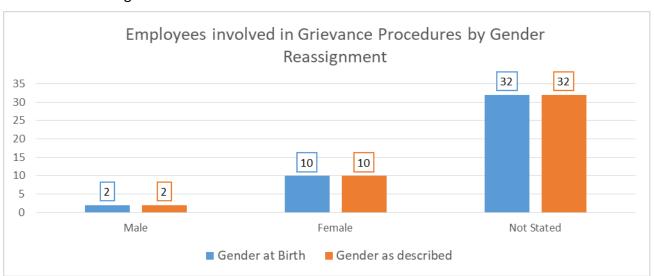
b. Disability



Number of Employees involved in grievance procedures Declaring a Disability					
Number of Employees %					
No Declared Disability (incl unknown)	36	81.82%			
Disability Declared	8	18.18%			
Total	44	100.00%			

8 (18.18%) of employees who have been involved in grievance procedures. declared a disability. This is an increase compared to previous years when 7 (16%) was reported however the numbers involved in grievance procedures is generally low overall and therefore this is not statistically significant.

c. Gender Reassignment



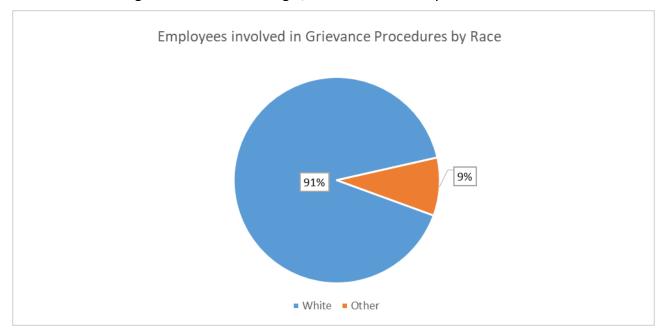
Number of Applicants by Gender Reassignment

	Number of Applicants		%		% of those Responding	
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described
Male	2	2	4.55%	4.55%	16.67%	16.67%
Female	10	10	22.73%	22.73%	83.33%	83.33%
Not Stated	32	32	72.73%	72.73%		
Total	44	44	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

d. Pregnancy and Maternity

Our records indicate that there have been no instances where an employee who has either been pregnant and/or taken maternity leave during the reporting period has been involved in grievance procedures.

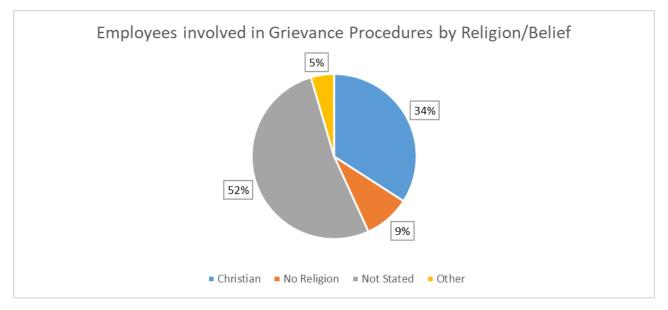
e. Race-including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



Number of Employees involved in grievance procedures by Race					
Ethnic Group			Carmarthenshire	2011 Census data	
Ethilic Group	Number	%	CC Workforce	2011 Census uata	
White	40	90.91%	92.54%	98.12%	
Other	4	9.09%	7.46%	1.88%	
Total	44	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Of the total number of employees involved in the Grievance procedure, 40 (90.91%) are White. This is generally reflective of the overall ethnic composition of the authority's workforce as at 31st March 2017 and is very similar to the previous year.

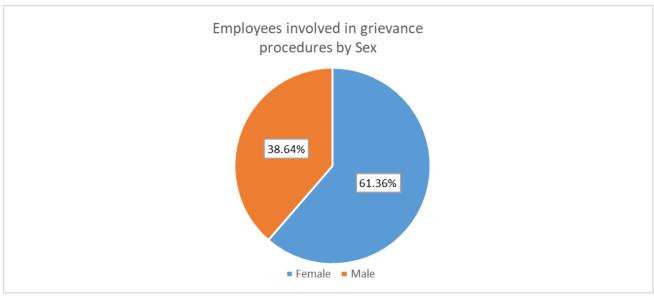
f. Religion or belief – including lack of belief



Number of Employees involved in grievance procedures by Religion / Belief

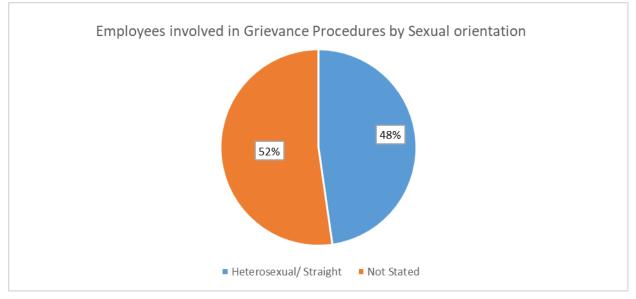
trainible of Employees involved in grievance procedures by Henglein' pener					
Religion	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce		
Christian	15	34.09%	32.67%		
No Religion	4	9.09%	19.31%		
Not Stated	23	52.27%	46.43%		
Other					
Total	44	100.00%	100.00%		

g. Sex



Employees involved in Grievance Procedures : Sex					
Sex	Sex Number of Kemployees % Carmarthenshire CC Workforce 2011 Census				
Female	27	61.36%	68%	51%	
Male	17	38.64%	32%	49%	
Total	44	100%			

h. Sexual Orientation

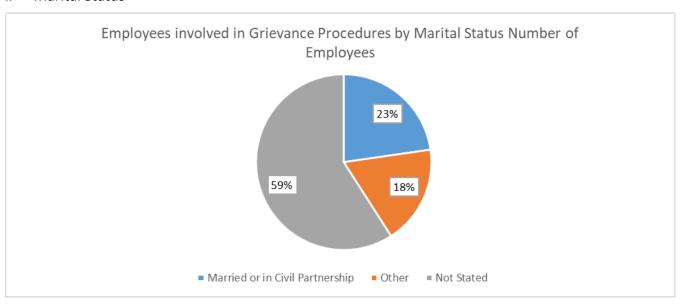


Employees involved in Grievance Procedures by Sexual orientation

	Number	%	% of those declaring
Heterosexual/ Straight	21	47.73%	100.00%
Other Sexuality			
Not Stated	23	52.27%	
Total	44	100.00%	100.00%

The most significant point to note is the number of employees involved in Grievance procedures where their sexual orientation is unknown, 23 (52.27%). This has increased from 19 (36%) in 2015/16.

i. Marital Status



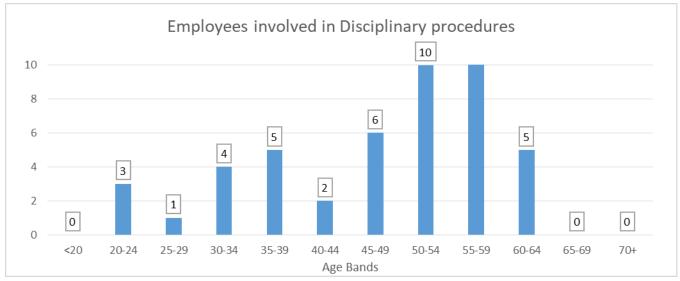
Employees involved in Grievance Procedures by Marital Status

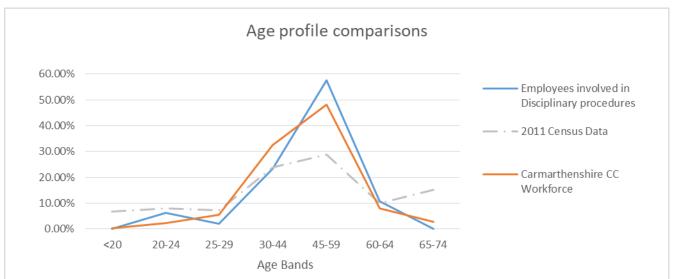
Employees involved in effectance redecates by marital status					
	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring		
Married or in Civil Partnership	10	22.73%	55.56%		
Other	8	18.18%	44.44%		
Not Stated	26	59.09%			
Total	44	100.00%	100.00%		

8. Employees subject to disciplinary procedures

Reporting period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017

a. Age

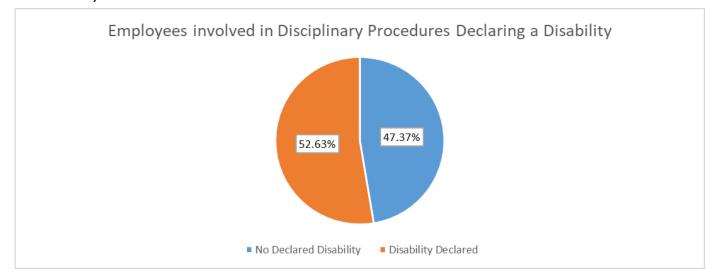




Age Bands	Number	Employees involved in Disciplinary procedures	2011 Census Data	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce
<20	0	0.00%	6.76%	0.42%
20-24	3	6.38%	7.97%	2.36%
25-29	1	2.13%	7.17%	5.63%
30-44	11	23.40%	23.92%	32.48%
45-59	27	57.45%	28.84%	48.24%
60-64	5	10.64%	10.04%	7.94%
65-74	0	0.00%	15.30%	2.93%
	47	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

The number of employees involved in Disciplinary procedures during the reporting period generally follows the age profile of the authority as at 31st March 2017.

b. Disability

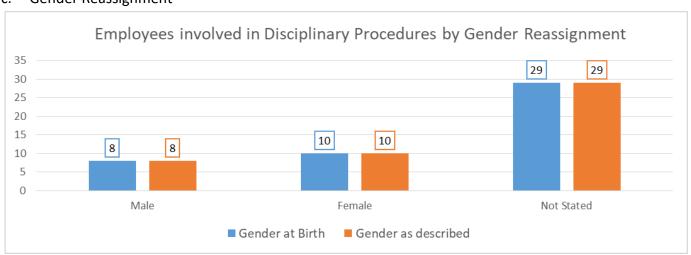


Number of Employees involved in Disciplinary Procedures Declaring a Disability

	Number	%	% of those declaring
No Declared Disability	9	19.15%	47.37%
Disability Declared	10	21.28%	52.63%
Not Stated	28	59.57%	
Total	47	100.00%	100.00%

The above illustrates that the number of employees who have declared a disability and been involved in Disciplinary procedures, 10 (21.28%) similar to the percentage of employees who have declared a disability in the wider authority profile of 21.32% (section 1b) a greater proportion than in the previous year when 12.16% was recorded. The numbers involved in Disciplinary procedures is generally low overall however further investigations will be undertaken to determine whether or not disability was a significant factor in the relevant cases.

c. Gender Reassignment



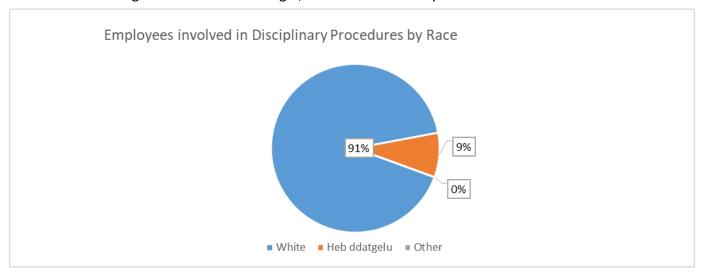
Number of Employees involved in Disciplinary Procedures by Gender Reassignment

		Number		%		% of those R	esponding
		Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as
		Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described
Male		8	8	17.02%	17.02%	44.44%	44.44%
Female		10	10	21.28%	21.28%	55.56%	55.56%
Not Stat	ted	29	29	61.70%	61.70%		
	Total	47	47	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

d. Pregnancy and Maternity

Our records indicate that there have been no instances where an employee who has either been pregnant and/or taken maternity leave during the reporting period has been involved in disciplinary procedures.

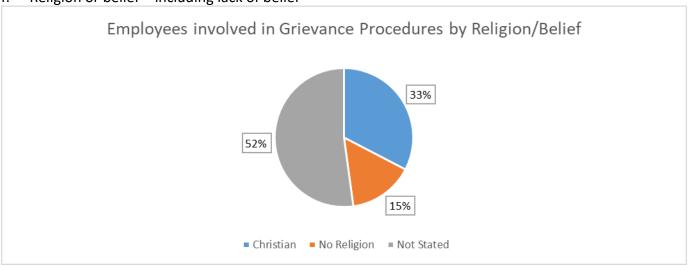
e. Race—including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



Employees subject to Disciplinary Procedures by Race

,	. ,	,		
Ethnic Group	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census data
White	43	91.49%	92.54%	98.12%
Not Stated	4	8.51%	6.63%	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0.83%	1.88%
Total	47	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

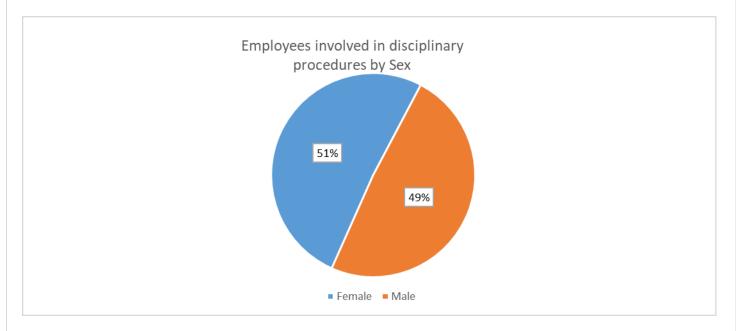
f. Religion or belief – including lack of belief



Employees subject to Disciplinary Procedures by Religion/Belief

zimpioyees subject to bissipilitary i roccuures by itempion, benef					
Religion / Belief	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce		
Christian	15	31.91%	32.67%		
No Religion	7	14.89%	19.31%		
Not Stated	24	51.06%	46.43%		
Other					
Total	47	100.00%	100.00%		

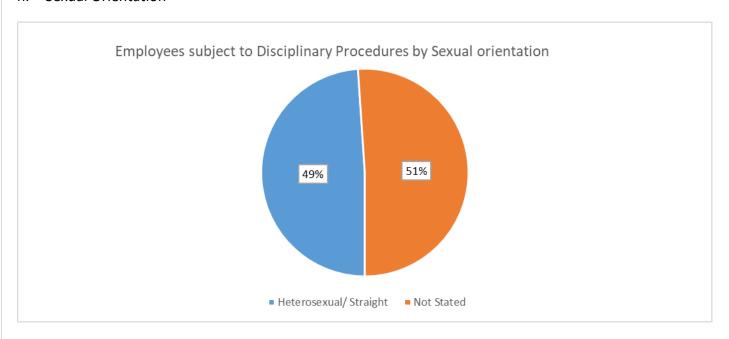
g. Sex



Employees subject to Disciplinary Procedures : Sex

Sex	Number of Employees	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census
Female	24	51.06%	68%	51%
Male	23	48.94%	32%	49%
Total	47	100%		

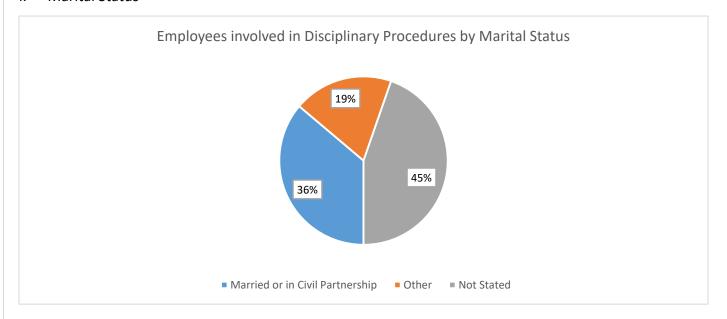
h. Sexual Orientation



Employees subject to Disciplinary Procedures by Sexual orientation

	Number	%	% of those declaring				
Heterosexual/ Straight	23	55.41%	100.00%				
Not Stated	24	44.59%					
Total	47	100.00%	100.00%				

i. Marital Status



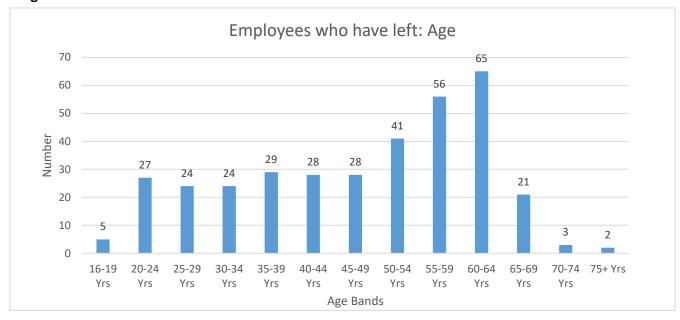
Employees subject to Disciplinary Procedures by Marital Status

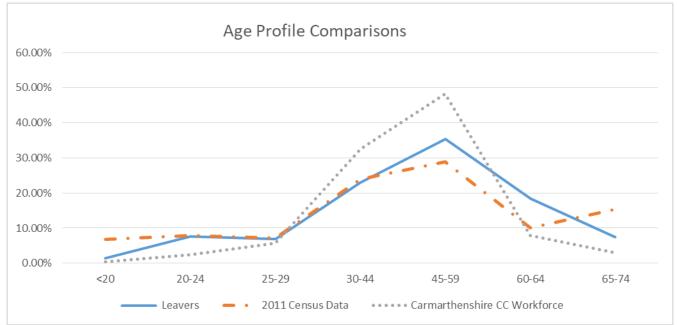
	Number	%	% of those declaring
Married or in Civil Partnership	17	36.17%	65.38%
Other	9	19.15%	34.62%
Not Stated	21	44.68%	
Total	47	100.00%	100.00%

9. Employees who have left the Authority.

Reporting period: 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017

a. Age



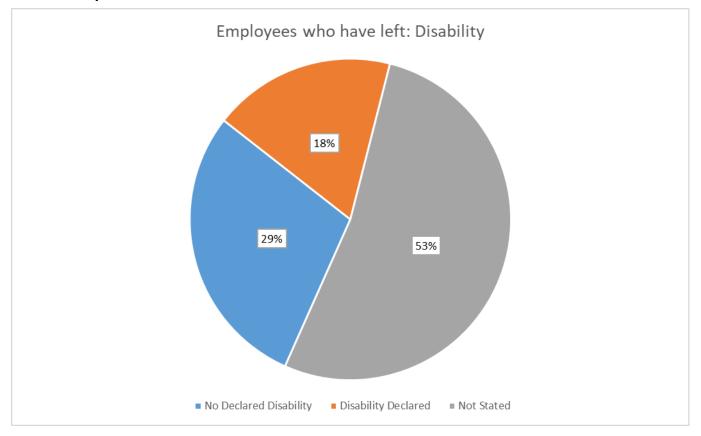


Employees who have left: Age

Age Bands	Number	%	Age Bands	Number	%	Age Bands	Number	%
< 20 Yrs	5	1.42%	35-39 Yrs	29	8.22%	55-59 Yrs	56	15.86%
20-24 Yrs	27	7.65%	40-44 Yrs	28	7.93%	60-64 Yrs	65	18.41%
25-29 Yrs	24	6.80%	45-49 Yrs	28	7.93%	65-69 Yrs	21	5.95%
30-34 Yrs	24	6.80%	50-54 Yrs	41	11.61%	70 Yrs +	3	0.85%
						75 Yrs +	2	0.57%

The overall trend is generally reflective of the age profile of the authority's workforce and the wider population of Carmarthenshire. The percentage of leavers in the mid age ranges is lower as this portion of the workforce is generally less mobile.

b. Disability

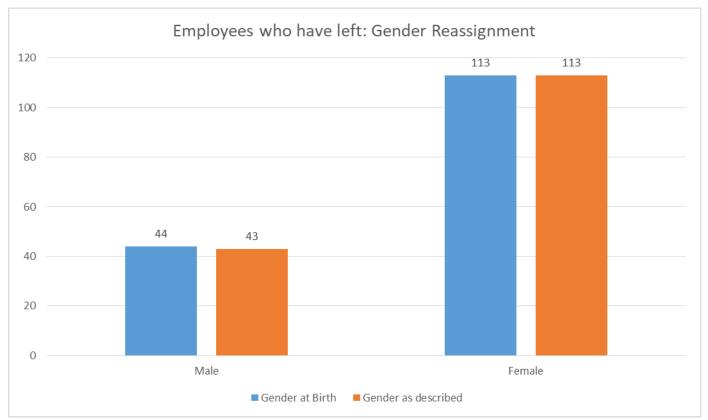


Number of Employees Declaring a Disability who have Left

training of Employees Designing a Disability time trained East							
	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring				
No Declared Disability	102	28.90%	61.08%				
Disability Declared	65	18.41%	38.92%				
Not Stated	186	52.69%					
Total	353	100.00%	100.00%				

The above illustrates that the number of leavers from the authority who have declared a disability (18.41%) is higher than the wider authority profile of 13.35% (section 1b). However this is potentially skewed by the significant proportion that has not provided a response (52.69%).

c. Gender Reassignment



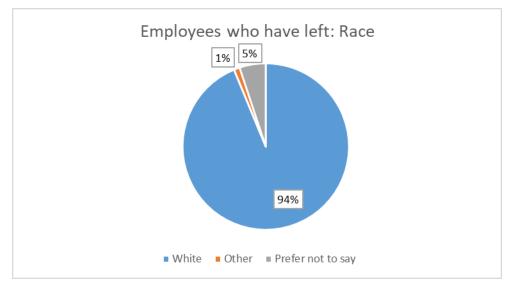
Number of Employees who have left: Gender Reassignment

	-					
	Number of	Employees	% %		% of those Responding	
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described
Male	44	43	12.46%	12.22%	28.03%	27.56%
Female	113	113	32.01%	32.10%	71.97%	72.44%
Not Stated	196	196	55.52%	55.68%		
Total	353	352	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

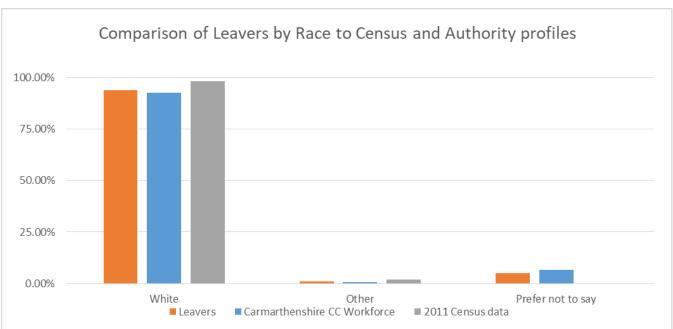
d. Pregnancy and Maternity

Our records indicate that there has been 1 leaver who have either been pregnant and/or taken maternity leave during the reporting period.

e. Race-including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



Categories included under "other" in the graphs are: Asian, Black, Mixed and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each individual category.

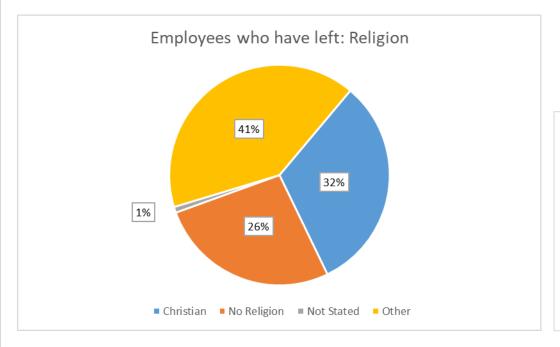


Number of Leavers by Race

Transer of Leavers by Race							
Ethnic Group	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census data			
White	331	93.77%	92.54%	98.12%			
Other	4	1.13%	0.83%	1.88%			
Prefer not to say	18	5.10%	6.63%	0.00%			
Total	353	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			

In line with the authority and census profiles the ethnic profile shows that the majority of leavers are White (93.77%) which is very similar the Authority population of 92.54%.

f. Religion or belief - including lack of belief

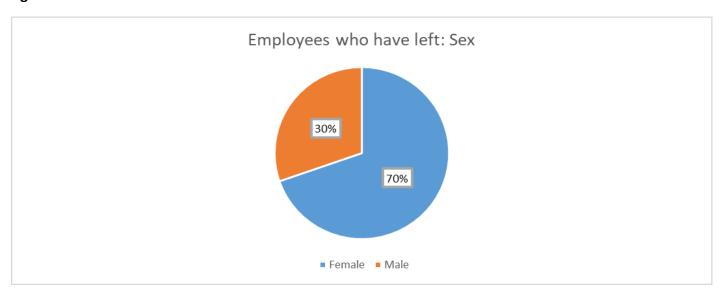


Categories included under "Other" in the graphs are: Atheist, Buddhist, Humanist, Hindu, Muslim, Prefer not to say and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have left: Religion/Belief

Religion / Belief	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	
Christian	112	31.73%	32.67%	
No Religion	94	26.63%	19.31%	
Not Stated	3	0.85%	0.62%	
Other	144	40.79%	47.41%	
Total	353	100.00%	100.00%	

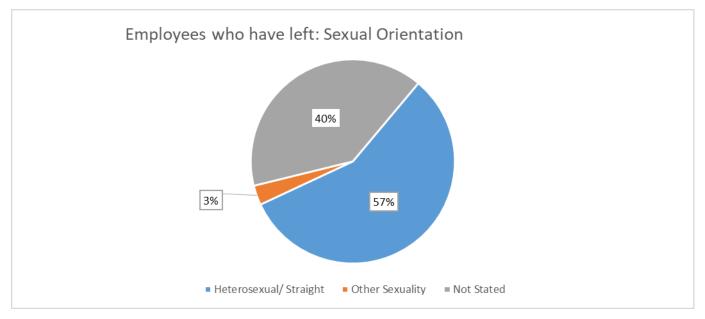
g. Sex



Employees who have left: Sex

Sex	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census
Female	246	70%	68%	51%
Male	107	30%	32%	49%
Total	353	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

h. Sexual Orientation



Employees who have left: Sexual Orientation

	Number	%	% of those declaring
Heterosexual/ Straight	201	56.94%	94.81%
Other Sexuality	11	3.12%	5.19%
Not Stated	141	39.94%	
Total	353	100.00%	100.00%

[&]quot;Other Sexuality" includes the following categories due to the low numbers reported: Gay Man, Bisexual, Gay Woman/Lesbian and Prefer not to say

i. Marital Status



Employees who have left by Marital Status

	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring
Married or in Civil Partnership	115	32.58%	56.10%
Other	90	25.50%	43.90%
Not Stated	148	41.93%	
Total	353	100.00%	100.00%

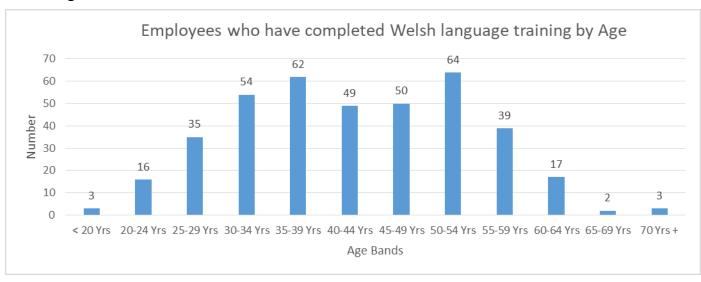
10. Employees who have completed Welsh language training

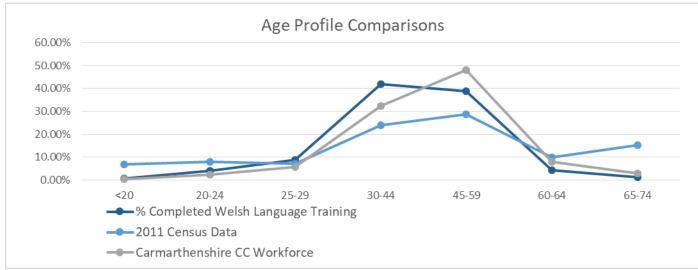
Reporting period 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017

In 2016/17 it was agreed to fund a Learning and Development Advisor (Welsh Language) post from Risk Management funding for a two year period in order to develop a Learning & Development Programme that meets the needs of the Organisation under the Welsh Language Standard.

This post was designed to support recruitment of new staff as well as developing the current workforce.

a. Age

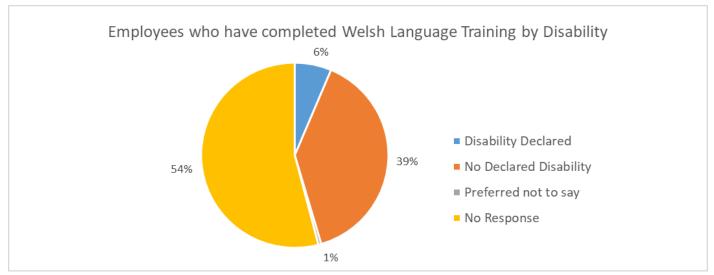




Employees who have completed Welsh Language Training : Age

Age Band	Number	%	Age Band	Number	%	Age Band	Number	%
< 20 yrs	3	0.76%	35-39 yrs	62	15.74%	55-59 yrs	39	9.90%
20-24 yrs	16	4.06%	40-44 yrs	49	12.44%	60-64 yrs	17	4.31%
25-29 yrs	35	8.88%	45-49 yrs	50	12.69%	65-69 yrs	2	0.51%
30-34 yrs	54	13.71%	50-54 yrs	64	16.24%	70 yrs +	3	0.76%

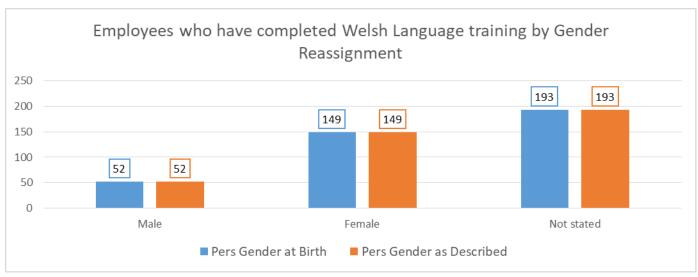
b. Disability



Employees who have completed Welsh language Training: Disability

	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring
No Declared Disability	154	39.09%	85.08%
Disability Declared	25	6.35%	13.81%
Prefer not to say	2	0.51%	1.10%
No Response	213	54.06%	
Total	394	100%	100%

c. Gender Reassignment



Employees who have completed Welsh Language training by Gender Reassignment

	Number of Employees		9	%		% of those Responding	
	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	Gender at	Gender as	
	Birth	described	Birth	described	Birth	described	
Male	52	52	13.20%	13.20%	25.87%	25.87%	
Female	149	149	37.82%	37.82%	74.13%	74.13%	
Intersex							
Other							
Not Stated	193	193					
Total	394	394	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

d. Pregnancy and Maternity

Our records indicate that 25 employees (0.8% of total Welsh Language training Attendees) have either been pregnant and/or taken maternity leave during the reporting period.

e. Race-including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality



Categories included under "other" in the graphs are: Asian, Black, Mixed and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each individual category.

Employees who have completed Welsh Language Training: Race

Ethnic Group	Number of Employees	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census data
White	365	92.64%	92.54%	98.12%
Other	7	1.78%	0.93%	1.88%
Not Stated	22	5.58%	6.28%	
Total	394	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

f. Religion or belief – including lack of belief

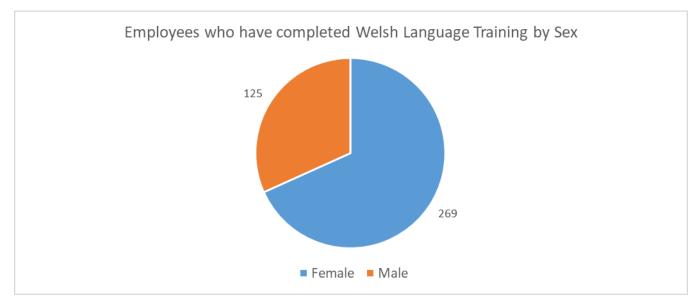


Categories included under "Other" in the graphs are: Buddhist, Jewish, Preferred not to say, and Other. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have completed Welsh Language training by Religion or Belief

Religion / Belief	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce
Christian	165	41.88%	32.67%
No Religion	94	23.86%	19.31%
Religion Not Stated	112	28.43%	46.43%
Other Religion	23	5.84%	1.59%
Total	394	100.00%	100.00%

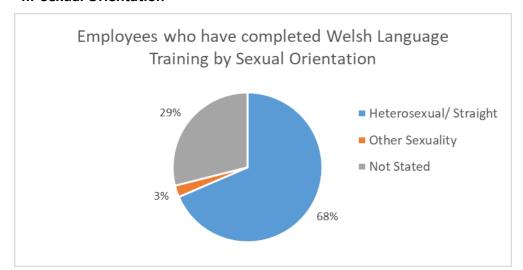
g. Sex



Employees who have completed Welsh Language Training by Sex

Sex	Number	%	Carmarthenshire CC Workforce	2011 Census
Female	269	68%	68%	51%
Male	125	32%	32%	49%
Total	394	100%	100%	100%

h. Sexual Orientation

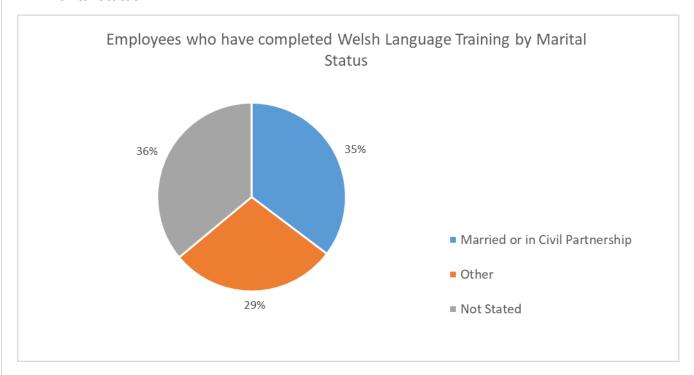


Categories included under "Other" in the graph are: Gay man, Bisexual, Gay woman/Lesbian and Prefer not to say. These have been amalgamated due to the low number reported in each.

Employees who have completed training by Sexual Orientation

	Number	%	% of those declaring	
Heterosexual/ Straight	270	68.53%	96.43%	
Other Sexuality	10	2.54%	3.57%	
Not Stated	114	28.93%		
Total	394	100.00%	100.00%	

i. Marital Status



Employees who have completed Welsh Language Training by Marital Status

	Number of Employees	%	% of those declaring
Married or in Civil Partnership	139	97.89%	55.16%
Other	113	28.68%	44.84%
Not Stated	142	36.04%	
Total	394	100.00%	100.00%

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PAY DIFFERENCES

Addressing pay differences is one of the specific duties in Wales. During 2011 the Authority implemented job evaluation and single status.

The main features of single status are:

- A single pay and grading structure
- Harmonisation of terms and conditions
- A standard working week of 37 hours
- It has been subject to an external and independent equality impact assessment focusing particularly on gender

The key aims of single status are to:

- Ensure equal pay for jobs of equal value
- Modernise the Council's pay structure
- Ensure that the Council's pay and reward strategy supports flexible working and modern service delivery
- Harmonise other conditions of service, for example, overtime payments and travel allowances.

In addition, during 2013/14 the Authority assimilated other employees into the new single status pay and grading structure (those on Craft terms and conditions and Basic Skills Tutors).

The Authority therefore undertook equal pay audits during 2013/14 and 2014/15. The Authority will continue to do so on an annual basis. A pay objective will be developed based on the findings of the equal pay audit.

STAFF TRAINING

As a listed body the authority has a duty to ensure that employees are aware of the public and specific duties of the Equality Act and are able to consider its relevance in relation to the work they undertake in delivering services.

There are specific roles within the authority that may require more specific learning and development opportunities to support then in meeting this objective, for example:

- Executive Board and Corporate Management Team
- Members
- Chief Officers and Senior Managers
- Equality and Diversity Officers
- Human Resource Officers
- Policy Officers
- Communications staff
- Performance Management Officers
- Frontline staff
- Procurement and Commissioning Officers

The authority should also consider

- Embedding equality awareness and principles of the general and specific duties into induction training
- Building equality issues into specific and professional training events
- Making available alternative learning methods such as CD training modules, distance learning packages, staff mentoring and coaching

Corporate Staff Learning and Development

Engaging Diversity (previously entitled "The Equal Project") is a collection of Equality and Diversity elearning modules which were initially rolled out using a phased approach, due to the number of employees involved. The content is specific to all 9 protected characteristics plus a Welsh Language module, and provides a fundamental understanding of equality and diversity for employees at all levels. Between 2015 and 2016, a total of 93 employees completed Engaging Diversity, Welsh Language or both. The data for 2015/16 can be split departmentally as follows:

Department	Number of Employees Completed
Chief Executive's	60
Communities	66
Education and Children's Services	59
Environment	53
Corporate Services	23

All new employees are enrolled on the e-learning module "Engaging Diversity" as part of their induction. The module is up to date in line with the Equality Act and covers all protected characteristics.

Recruitment and Selection Training was redesigned and re-launched during November 2012 and continued to be delivered throughout 2016/17. The content includes specific development relating to The Equality Act, including legislative and practical aspects. In addition, the workshop involves a detailed section relating to unconscious bias and how this affects recruitment decisions. All managers involved in recruitment and selection are required to undertake this development before they make recruitment decisions. Sessions are delivered periodically according to demand.

This course is due for redevelopment during 2016/17. Senior leaders are now recruited against a set of leadership competencies which includes a specific competency relating to values and ethics:

Adhering to Principles & Values:

Upholds ethics and values; Demonstrates integrity; Promotes and defends equal opportunities, builds diverse teams; Encourages organisational and individual responsibility towards the community and the environment.

The Management Development Programme is geared towards increasing management capacity and as such, includes equality and diversity strands. "Dignity at Work – Everyone's Responsibility" continues to be delivered and includes specific workshop activities associated with dealing with equality and diversity related complaints, underpinned by legislation theory and internal policy requirements. It also includes specific resources which combine LGBTQ workplace issues with other protected characteristics. These resources have also been used in team E&D sessions with the aim of increasing understanding of the impact of inappropriate behaviour in the workplace.

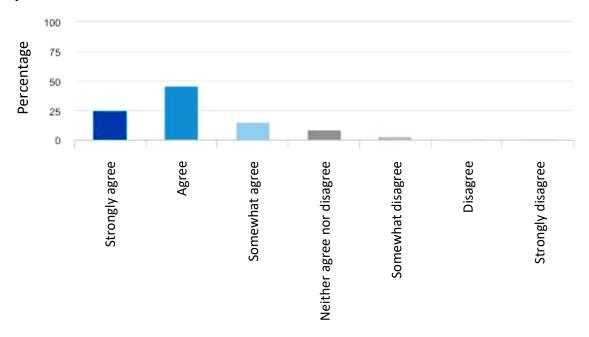
For 2016/17, the Dignity at Work programme will be redesigned in line with the relaunch of the policy "Acceptable Behaviour in the Workplace". This will also include Equality and Diversity elements.

Equality and Diversity development activities for identified roles continue to be delivered, for example:

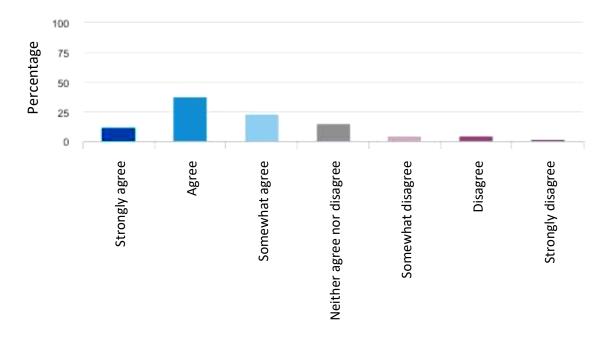
- A series of engagement and participation workshops were delivered, aimed at engaging with "hard to reach groups", with the following objectives:
 - o Provide an introduction to the principles of engagement and participation
 - Achieve a greater awareness and understanding of participative engagement
 - Explore a range of participatory tools
 - Provide the opportunity to put some participatory methods into practice
 - Discuss why engage and who to engage with
 - o Ensure validity is achieved in consultation
- The Member Induction Programme contains a workshop entitled "Equality and Diversity Valuing Difference, Creating Success". The workshop's aim is, "to provide elected members with an introduction to and raise awareness of equality and diversity within local government in Wales".
- Mop up sessions were held for elected members involved in recruitment and selection attended a tailored programme "Making Fair Recruitment Decisions". The programme is designed to develop knowledge and skills in making recruitment decisions and includes equality and diversity sections plus a detailed section in the area of unconscious bias.
- Front line Housing Services staff attended sessions on "Immigration Awareness", focused on the Immigration Act and the processes surrounding the legislation.
- Some members of staff attended the "Springboard" programme, a developmental workshop aimed at women in leadership
- Housing Officers attended a workshop on "Meeting the needs of Gypsies & Travellers",
 - This course is at the cutting edge of equalities work, having been developed in partnership with Gypsies and Travellers and were co-delivered by Gypsies and Travellers participative trainers
- The Work Ready programme continues to grow and develop with almost 100% of apprentices and graduates gaining permanent employment or accessing higher education.
 The CPD programme for new apprentices continues to be delivered and other strands of the project also benefit from E&D development activities, for example graduates attended a workshop based around valuing differences. This is in addition to the fundamental elearning module that all new employees are enrolled on.

In February 2017 the organisation undertook the IiP40 questionnaire to identify strengths and areas of development before we are assessed against the IiP Generation 6 standard for the first time in May 2018. This identified that the majority of staff feel that their behaviours reflect the values of the organisation and that the organisation operates in line with its values.

My Day to day behaviour reflects the organisations values



My organisation's values guide the way we operate and make decisions



A draft management standard has been developed but has not yet been implemented, pending the development of other people initiatives such as a competency framework. The draft standard makes specific reference to managers being fully committed to promoting equality & diversity in the workplace.

Changes to Carmarthenshire Council's Intranet has taken us a step closer to being able to report on training applications. Enhancements to the new Intranet site will allow employee applicants to complete and submit training requests online. The improved process will digitalise the processing of applications, from initial request to Manager approval, or reasons for rejection. The application

processing stages will allow the Learning and Development Team to monitor the flow of information, allowing the organisation to monitor any impact on any of the protected characteristics. This will include those applications for training that have been rejected. Enhancements to the application process will enable the organisation to fully report on training applications by March 2018

One of the key objectives of the authority's Learning and Development Policy is to ensure fair access to Learning & Development and this is monitored as outlined earlier in this report. The policy is due for redrafting in 2017/18.

All training application forms ask candidates to specify any special requirements, so any identified needs can be taken in to account and adjustments made. Requests typically include: to facilitate disabled access to a building, to provide close parking to a training room and specific dietary requirements, if lunch is provided.

Examples of Reasonable adjustments made:

- Supporting employees with Dyslexia: Allowing extra time for employees to carry out tests (e.g. IOSH, Food Hygiene)
- Supporting employees with Autism: Allowing candidates to take tests in private if they are uneasy sitting with a group
- Supporting employees with language needs: Arranging a Reader
- Supporting employees who are hearing impaired: Arranging a sign language interpreter
- Trainee requested for course handouts/materials to be sent out prior to the course to aid with a disability that wasn't specified.

Examples of Alternative Formats

- Course materials provided in a larger font where requested
- Gaining authorisation from awarding bodies to change the language of questions in exams to Plain English

USING WORKFORCE INFORMATION TO MAKE A DIFFERENCE

The purpose of collecting equality monitoring data is to identify trends and any potential disparities which may arise. Where equality data or information highlights an issue of potential concern, further enquiries can be made and decisions taken on address the concerns or make positive progress of improvement.

Carmarthenshire County Council will examine the data contained within this Workforce Information Report via the Corporate Equality Working Group and Corporate Management Team, reflecting on the actions already contained within the Strategic Equality Action Plan to ensure that the current workforce actions identified will support improvement or require amending.

Workforce audits encouraging employees to declare information on personal protected characteristics and encourage participation in this voluntary process have been undertaken. In this way the proportion of 'unknown', "not disclosed' and 'not specified' categories are being reduced and a better understanding of the composition of our workforce established.

CONTACTS AND FEEDBACK

We welcome your comments, suggestions or questions on the presented information which should be directed to:

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Assistant Chief Executive (People Management)
Carmarthenshire County Council
Building 14, St. David's Park
Jobswell Road
Carmarthen
SA31 3HB

Email: PMBusinessSupportUnit@carmarthenshire.gov.uk

Tel: 01267 246184

HOW TO FIND OUT MORE

Within the Council

If you would like to find out more about equality and diversity within the Council then you are encouraged to visit the Learning Curve and the Equality & Diversity Site Zones: http://intranet/our-people/working-for-us/equality-diversity/

Alternatively, ask your manager or HR Advisor for further information

Or you can use one of the following sources:

Age Cymru Tŷ John Pathy, 13/14 Neptune Court, Vanguard Way, Cardiff CF24 5PJ.

Tel: 029 2043 1555

Web: http://www.ageuk.org.uk/cymru/

Disability Wales

Bridge House, Caerphilly Business Park, Van Road, Caerphilly CF83 3GW

Tel: 029 20887325 Fax: 029 20888702

Email: info@disabilitywales.org

Equality and Human Rights Commission

Tel: 0845 604 8810

Textphone: 0845 604 8820

Fax: 0845 604 8830

Email: waleshelpline@equalityhumanrights.com
Web: http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/

Stonewall Cymru

Stonewall Cymru Transport House 1 Cathedral Road Cardiff CF11 9SB

Tel: 029 2023 7744 Fax: 029 2023 7749

Email: cymru@stonewallcymru.org.uk/cymru/

Welsh Local Government Association (WLGA)

Local Government House

Drake Walk, Cardiff

CF10 4LG Tel: 02920 468 600 www.wlga.gov.uk