Well-being Objective 5



Start Well/Live Well - Tackle poverty by doing all we can to prevent it, help people into work & improve the lives of those living in poverty

650 more households living in poverty (up from 35% to 35.5%)

Welsh Government defines poverty as when a "household income is less than 60% of the GB median income". This means a household where income is less than £18,868 a year (i.e. 60% of £31,446). Therefore, 35.5% can be defined as living in poverty in Carmarthenshire which is above the Welsh average of 33.6% and has moved from 8th to 13th worst in Wales.

Household Income Figures Source: CACI's 'PayCheck' data										
Households Living in Poverty	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
	Carms	Wales								
	29,956	446,586	29,086	459,283	29,020	460,322	28,223	450,616	28,881	456,971
	(37.1%)	(33.6%)	(36.3%)	(35%)	(35.9%)	(34%)	(35.0%)	(33%)	(35.5%)	(33.6%)

Why it is important

- Poverty and deprivation have serious detrimental effects across all aspects of well-being. It limits the
 opportunities and prospects for children and young people, damages the quality of life for families and
 communities
- Poverty can be a barrier to full participation in society and is too often an intergenerational experience
 which poses a significant threat to experiencing positive well-being both now and in the future
- Two Carmarthenshire wards (Tyisha and Glanymor) were in the top 20 worst wards for childhood
 poverty in Wales (both at 41.3%) Source: End Child Poverty, Loughborough University, 2019 commissioned by the End Child Poverty Network

Success Measures



59.5% households successfully



prevented from becoming homeless declined from previous year (65.1%)



13.5% households in material deprivation

Reduced from previous year (15.8%) 11th highest in Wales

Source: National Survey for Wales



There's a 19.7% gap in the results of pupils receiving

Free school meals and those who don't



(19% gap in the previous year)
Source: StatsWales

Explaining the Results

- of the 435 households threatened with homelessness during 2018/19, 259 were successfully prevented from becoming homeless 59.5%. The introduction of Universal Credit is beginning to have an impact with some private landlords being reluctant to continue with benefit claiming tenants. We have also we have identified that private sector tenants tend to approach the service at the point of eviction rather at the point of receiving notice, this then reduces the time to engage with the landlord to prevent or relieve the situation.
- According to the 2018/19 <u>National Survey for Wales</u> 13.5% of participating households in Carmarthenshire
 were classed as living in material deprivation, this is just below the Welsh average of 13.6% and a reduction
 on last year on 15.8%.
- There's a **19.7%** gap between the average score based on the best 9 **exam results** for Year 11 pupils receiving **Free School Meals (FSM)** and **those who don't (Non-FSM)**, this has increased slightly from a 19% gap in the previous year. This is the 7th smallest gap in Wales (previously 6th). However the FSM score has increased from 307.6 to 308.1 (but the score for Non-FSM has also increased by more, from 360.8 to 375.5).



Progress Made

- We have developed a new homelessness action plan that will provide more focus on prevention and making people aware of the need to contact us at an earlier stage should they be experiencing housing problems.
- A newly formed team also provides a package of advice and support to all prospective tenants to discuss their responsibilities as part of the tenancy agreement. This includes: how to pay their rent and make a benefit claim. Training sessions have been initiated where prospective tenants on our Housing Choice Register undertake a 1 day course which provides information on tenancy issues in far more detail.
- After receiving Communities 4 Work and Communities 4 Work Plus programmes,
 - o 589 adults received employability support 100% felt more confident about seeking work.
 - o 418 received digital inclusion support with 100% feeling more confident in using the computer.
 - o 402 residents gained accredited qualifications in employment related courses.
- We now pay our staff the equivalent of the Foundation Living Wage (a voluntary living wage level). This impacts the lowest paid staff who will receive the equivalent of £8.75 per hour (April 2018) which is higher than the National Living Wage (statutory requirement) of £7.83 (April 2018).
- The Community Bureau has helped community, voluntary and charitable groups and social enterprises in Carmarthenshire to access support, advice and grants quickly. During the year 5 enterprises have been created, 25 jobs have been created, 50 jobs safeguarded and 350 individuals have gone into training/education and we have supported, working with CAVS, 450 people into volunteering.
- We have carried out extensive engagement in the Tyshia ward to listen to the needs and concerns of its residents. We are in the process of implementing an ambitious master plan that will address the areas needs in terms of housing mix, the environment and general community safety and facilities as well as specific issues such as antisocial behaviour, fly tipping and litter.

Customer service Hwb in Ammanford gets the thumbs up!





For Communities and Rural Affairs

Cllr Cefin Campbell



View our <u>detailed progress here</u> against this objective



